

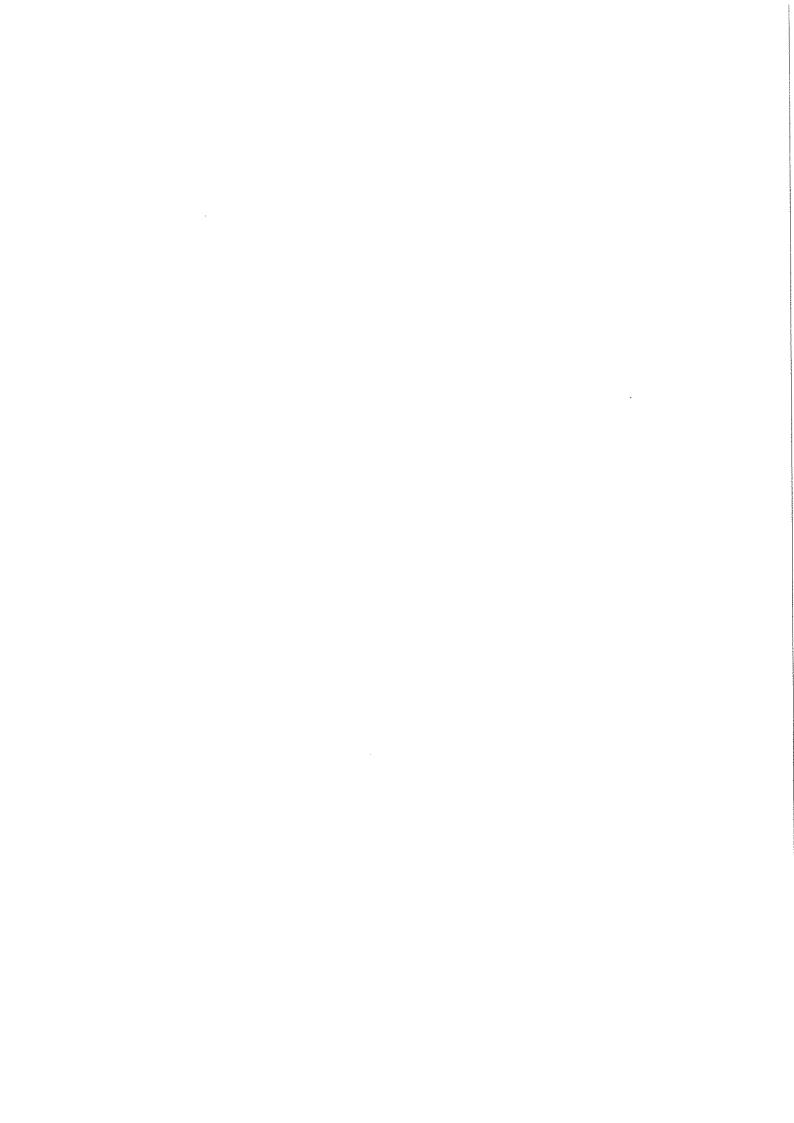
MINUTES

Council Meeting held on Thursday 28 October 2010

CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

These minutes comprising page 1 - 88 were confirmed by the Council on 25 November 2010 as a true and accurate record.

Barbara Dunnet
SHIRE PRESIDENT



1.	DECLARATION OF OPENING/ANNOUNCEMENT OF VISITORS	1
2.	RECORD OF ATTENDANCE/APOLOGIES/LEAVE OF ABSENCE (previously approved)	1
3.	RESPONSE TO PREVIOUS PUBLIC QUESTIONS TAKEN ON NOTICE	1
4.	PUBLIC QUESTION TIME	3
5.	APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE	3
8470	Confirmation of Previous Minutes	3
6.	PETITIONS/DEPUTATIONS/PRESENTATIONS	3
7.	CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETINGS	3
8.	ANNOUNCEMENTS BY PRESIDING MEMBER WITHOUT DISCUSSION	3
9.	REPORTS BY MEMBERS ATTENDING COMMITTEES	3

10. REPORTS OF OFFICERS

Minute	Agenda		Page
No.	No.	Description	No.
8471	10.1	Proposed Road Closure - Part of Railway Street, Nannup	4
8472	10.2	Proposed Amendment 10 to LPS 3	6
8473	10.3	Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development Policy	24
8474	10.4	Illegal Dam Encroachment on Road Reserve	26
8475	10.5	Closure of Road Reserves on Deposited Plans 219196 & 153763	40
8476	10.6	Plant Replacement Policy	41
8477	10.7	Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report May 2010	45
8478	10.8	Local Government Elections October 2011	50
8479	10.9	Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation	52
8480	10.10	Proposal to Dedicate Road Reserve linking Gold Gully Road to Unnamed Road Reserve No 8681	54
8481	10.11	Freehold Land Locked Properties (DEC Road Access)	57
8482	10.12	Local Planning Policy 008 Nannup Main Street Heritage Precinct	61
8483	10.13	Draft Local Planning Policy 015 Dedication of Roads	70
8484			
8485	10.14	Royalties for Regions – 2010/11 Direct Funding	72
8486		•	
8487			
8488			
8489			

8490 8491 8492	10.15 10.16 10.17	Bushfire Advisory Committee Meeting Monthly Financial Statements for 30 September 2010 Accounts for Payment	77 79 80
	W BUSI	NESS OF AN URGENT NATURE INTRODUCED BY DECISION	
(a) O	FFICERS		
8493 8494	11.(a).1	Procedural Motion Appointment of Fire Control Officer	82 82
(b) EL	ECTED I	MEMBERS	
	ECTED	MEMBERS MOTIONS OF WHICH PREVIOUS NOTICE HAS	
8495 8496 Lost W/D W/D 8497	12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6	Standing Orders Amendment Local Law Tourism Association Ongoing Meetings Recreation Centre Upgrade (Stand Alone Facility) Recreation Centre Upgrade (Meetings with Architect) Firebreak Inspections 2010/11 Water Points for Fire Suppression	84 85 85 86 87 88
13. Q	UESTION	IS BY MEMBERS OF WHICH DUE NOTICE HAS BEEN GIVEN	88
14. C	LOSURE	OF MEETING	88

Shire of Nannup Council Minutes

28 October 2010

Page ii

Agenda

1. DECLARATION OF OPENING/ANNOUNCEMENT OF VISITORS

The Chairperson declared the meeting oped at 4.15pm

2. RECORD OF ATTENDANCE/APOLOGIES/LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Councillors Dunnet, Boulter, Camarri, Dean, Gilbert, Lorkiewicz and Pinkerton.

Shane Collie – Chief Executive Officer. Kevin Waddington – Acting Manager Corporate Services. Bob O'Sullivan – Planning Services. Chris Wade – Works Manager.

VISITORS

9

APOLOGIES

Cr Mellema

LEAVE OF ABSENCE (previously approved)

Nil.

3. RESPONSE TO PREVIOUS PUBLIC QUESTIONS TAKEN ON NOTICE

Ms M Longmore asked if Council would consider buying the house on the corner of Adam Street & Warren Road for the purpose of senior's interests.

The question was taken on notice and a reply has been forwarded to Ms Longmore, copy as follows (extract):

"Council has not considered purchasing the above mentioned house for the purpose of senior's interests. Council is in the process of developing a policy on contributions to aged persons' accommodation.

The purchase of these premises was raised some time ago. Council did not pursue the purchase at that time. The purchase of the premises is not contained in Council's Forward Plan nor has consideration been given to it from a financial perspective."

Mr M Loveland asked;

1 Your Chief Executive has been seen travelling to work from Busselton every morning. Why is this permitted when he has a house in Nannup?

Does the car belong to himself or Council? Is the expenditure paid by himself or Council? Is this permitted in his employment contract?

The Chief Executive Officer responded advising offence is taken at the comments as the statement underpinning the questions is not true.

2 Concerning Ewen Ross

I have asked for the job description given by Council initially the terms of his employment contract and: the man's leave entitlement as added or included in the termination payment of \$100,000.00.

This matter has been responded to previously.

3 Concerning Council and the Mowen Road upgrade, ratepayers are concerned about the source of water to be used which should not be from the drinking water supply.

This is not a question.

4 It is believed an examination of Council building regulations and bylaws will help resolve a number on long standing concerns of the community. I am therefore requesting a copy of all bylaws and regulations as they are written by Council.

Council local laws and relevant legislation are available on Council's website or at the Shire Office. If copies are required Council's prescribed fees will be required to be paid and they will be provided.

5 Concerning stormwater plans I myself being the initial complainant it is known Council has had the plans if they are no longer available, why not?

The question is unclear.

There will be needed by Council and Water Corp should be able to provide a copy. Can Cr Gilbert confirm water Corp paid for the installation?

Cr Gilbert responded.

A response on these questions has been forwarded to Mr Loveland.

4. PUBLIC QUESTION TIME

Ms P Fraser asked; Will Council ensure Lot 73 also has access if access if provided through DEC land to Lorkiewicz's off Gold Gully Road.

Shire President responded encouraged Ms Fraser to meet with the Chief Executive Officer to discuss further.

Mr R Andrews asked about the disparity on the rates between him and his neighbours at Lot 44 Blackwood River Drive.

The questions were taken on notice.

Mr M Loveland asked; Have any plans for stormwater drainage for his property been located?

Works Manager replied that no plans had been found.

5. APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Nil.

6. PETITIONS/DEPUTATIONS/PRESENTATIONS

Mr D Lewis addressed Council on behalf of Mr G Orley and himself.

7. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETINGS

8470 PINKERTON/CAMARRI

That the Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting of the Shire of Nannup held in Council Chambers on 23 September 2010 be confirmed as a true and correct record.

CARRIED 7/0

8. ANNOUNCEMENTS BY PRESIDING MEMBER WITHOUT DISCUSSION

Nil.

9. REPORTS BY MEMBERS ATTENDING COMMITTEES

BRVMA
Event Management workshop
Fire Management meeting
South West Local Government Energy Management meeting
Royalties for Regions meetings

10. REPORTS OF OFFICERS

AGENDA NUMBER: 10.1

SUBJECT: Proposed Road Closure - Part of Railway Street, Nannup

LOCATION/ADDRESS: Unmade part of Railway Street west of Wilson Street

NAME OF APPLICANT: Shire of Nannup

FILE REFERENCE: HLT9 No.629 AUTHOR: Bob O'Sullivan - Planner DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST: Nil DATE OF REPORT: 20 October 2010

Attachments:

- 1. Plan of Sewer Works in Railway Street and Trapper Trail.
- Water Corporation Plan showing Sewer Works and Road Works in the Intersection of Railway Street and Trapper Trail.

BACKGROUND:

The Department of Regional Development and Lands, in a letter dated 9 July 2010 (Attachment 1), reported the Water Corporation built a Sewer Pumping Station on the unmade portion of Railway Street west from Wilson Street to an unmade road that is named Trapper Trail on Attachment 2. The Department proposes to close this portion of road and then create a reserve over the land and a management order in favour of the Water Corporation. During an inspection by Council's Planner it became clear that:

- 1. Railway Street to the west of Wilson street is formed with bitumen to the pump station and bollard posts are on the bitumen to prevent access to the pump station,
- 2. the pump station is located part on Railway Street, part on an unmade road named Trapper Trail on Attachment 2 and part may be on adjoining land Lot 82 on Plan 130080.
- 3. The vehicle turnaround next to the pump station is on the unmade road identified as Trapper Trail on Attachment 2 and is not on Railway Street.

These observations were reported to the Department. An email from the Department on 16 September advised that an inspection by the Department's staff found the pump station is located on Trapper Trail but not on Lot 82. The Department through Ms. Cherylynne Forrest confirmed by phone that only the section of Railway Street between Wilson Street and trapper Trail is to be closed.

COMMENT:

Part of the pump station and the whole of the vehicle turnaround are on Trapper Trail and will remain on road.

The question whether part of the pump station is on adjoining Lot 82 can only be resolved by a licensed surveyor. Lot 82 is owned freehold by the Shire of Nannup.

Ms Forrest agreed to arrange for an identification survey by a licensed surveyor to fix the location of the pump station in relation to the boundaries of Railway Street, Trapper Trail and Lot 82.

The letter from the Department of Regional Development and Lands asks Council to initiate the closure under section 58 of the Land Administration Act. This section requires:

- 1. Council to resolve to publish in a newspaper circulating in the district a notice of motion that it will make a request to the Minister for the permanent closure of the road,
- 2. Council to consider any objections to the proposed closure made within 35 days of the publication of the notice of motion,
- 3. Council to then resolve to make a request to the Minister to close the road permanently,
- 4. Council must then, in accordance with regulation 9 of the Land Administration Regulations, prepare and deliver the request to the Minister to close the road permanently.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT: Section 58 of the Land Administration Act.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS:

Cost for time of staff to draft the application to the minister, cost of advertising. Water Corporation will pay reasonable costs.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

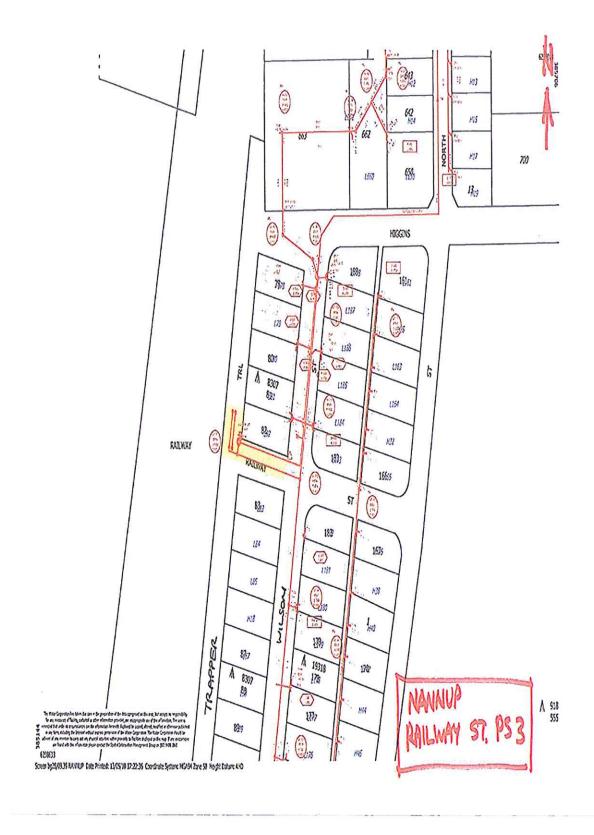
RECOMMENDATION:

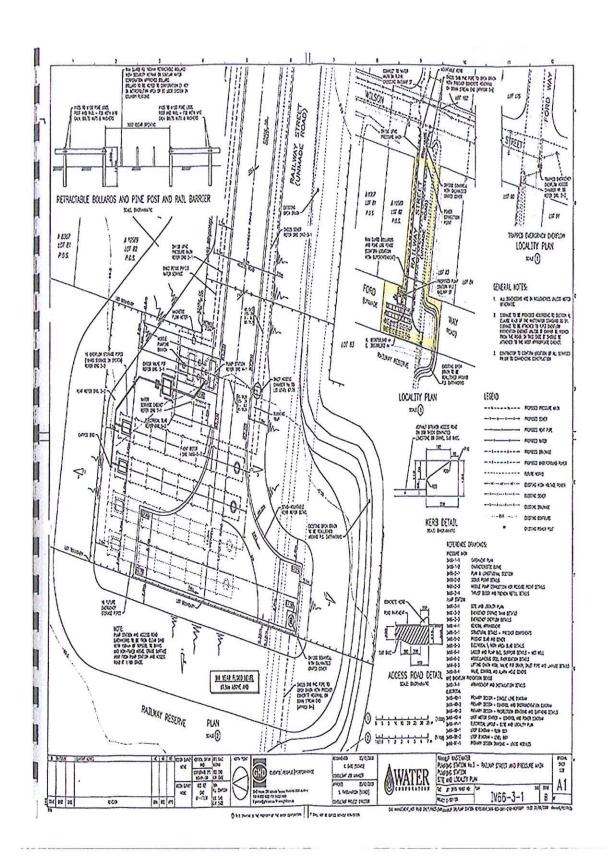
Council resolve to publish in the Nannup Telegraph a notice that it intends to apply to the Minister for the permanent closure of the unconstructed part of Railway Street between Wilson Street and Trapper Trail under section 58 of the Land Administration Act 1997.

8471 BOULTER/CAMARRI

Council resolve to publish in the Nannup Telegraph a notice that it intends to apply to the Minister for the permanent closure of the unconstructed part of Railway Street between Wilson Street and Trapper Trail under section 58 of the Land Administration Act 1997.

CARRIED 7/0





AGENDA NUMBER: 10.2

SUBJECT: Proposed Amendment 10 to LPS 3

LOCATION/ADDRESS: Lot 1423 DP113228 Barrabup Rd

NAME OF APPLICANT: David Lewis and Glen Orley

FILE REFERENCE: A089

AUTHOR: Bob O'Sullivan - Planner DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST:

DATE OF REPORT: 20 October 2010

Attachments 1: Map of Property Boundaries.

- 2: Aerial photo (by Landgate 2007). Lot 1423 and Locality.
- 3: Photo to south along east boundary of Lot 1423.
- 4: Photo to west from entry near north east corner of Lot 1423.
- 5: Amendment 10 of LPS3 (text to rezone Lot 1423).
- 6: Structure Plan of proposed development.
- 7: Response from FESA dated 16/2/2010.
- 8: Response from DEC received 25/2/2010.
- 9: Assessment of Fire Management Plan.
- 10: Comments on FMP from the Community Emergency Services Manager.

This report has 4 sections: Background, Assessment Method, Assessment, Conclusions, and Recommendations.

BACKGROUND

This section describes the locality, outlines the proposal, history of applications and approvals, the referrals to state agencies, and site inspections.

Locality:

Lot 1423 is on the west side of Barrabup Road, 2.5km west of the intersection of Barrabup Road with Blackwood Drive and on the north side of the Blackwood River. The land is bordered by eucalypt forest on state land on the north and east and by a eucalypt plantation on private land, Lot 2895, on the west.

Outline of Proposal:

The proposal is to amend the local planning scheme by rezoning Lot 1423 from the Agriculture Zone to the Special Use Zone for a number of specified land uses. Variations of the proposed amendment were submitted to Council on 3 occasions, 14/10/2005, 28/4/2008 and 4/3/2009, and adopted each time by Council (under section 75 of the Planning & Development Act). Under section 81 of the Act Council is required to 'forthwith' send all particulars of the proposed amendment to the Environment Protection Agency. No documents are on file to show the proposal went to the EPA.

Mr. Lewis provided a letter on 20/9/2010 with updated copies of:

1. Fire Management Plan (December 2009) written by DJ Lewis.

- 2. Traffic Impact Statement (5 pages) prepared by DJ Lewis dated 20 March 2010.
- 3. Report from RPS Koltasz Smith received 4/3/2009 for the rezoning of Lot 1423 from Agriculture to Special Use for Amendment 6 of LPS 3. The report includes the proposed text to amend LPS 3 (see Attachment 5) which has the permitted uses and special provisions outlining specific development and subdivision requirements. The proposed permitted land uses are: Art and craft centre, cafe, chalet development, cottage industry, camping area, private recreation, single residential dwelling (per landowner). There are ten Special Provisions which include: 8. Buildings no closer than 20 metres from lot boundaries; 9.habitable buildings shall comply with AS3959 Construction of buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas. The special provisions do not designate Lot 1423 to be a bushfire prone area, a precondition to implement AS3959, or contain requirements in relation to subdivisions as is proposed on page 2 of the report.

History of applications and approvals:

13/1/1993	Council letter to D. Lewis - advertising his application for wildlife
	sanctuary.

15/2/1993 Council letter to D. Lewis gave approval for wildlife sanctuary, no chalets.

25/1/1994 Council letter to G. Orley with response to application for chalets.

13/9/1994 Council approved 3 chalets (plans show 3 chalets on west side near river).

17/1/1995 Council letter to G Orley stating a problem as owner builder for 2 chalets.

18/4/1996 A handwritten note on above letter "no response application lapsed".

17/5/1995 Council received an application from G. Orley for camping ground, 30 people.

21/6/1995 Council letter requests information for camping ground.

9/10/1995 Council gave planning approval to G. Orley for 6 campsites.

16/12/1998 note "Lot 1423 Extremely dangerous around dwelling GZ Ossy-Orley".

23/12/1998 Fire break notice to D Lewis.

21/6/1999 Council fax to Dept Local Government advising that predominant use is timber milling and processing and dwelling purposes.

2/5/2002 Council received a request from WAPC for comment on a proposed subdivision of 3 lots.

31/7/2002 Council received advice from WAPC that the application for subdivision was refused.

- 14/10/2005 Council received a submission asking Council to initiate a rezoning from Rural to Special Use to facilitate future subdivision into 2 lots and development of non rural land uses.

 28/4/2008 Council advised David Lewis that Council resolved to initiate an
- amendment of LPS 3 to rezone Lot 1423 from Agriculture to Special Use and asked him to prepare amendment documents.
- 6/5/2008 Email to David Lewis from MDS with required modifications to documents.
- 4/11//08 Letter from Glen Orley making application for 2 residential buildings, one for visitors, the other for workers..
- 4/3/2009 Council received documents for Amendment No6 from RPS Koltasz Smith.
- 30/3/2009 Letters from Council to FESA and DEC asking for a site visit and comment.
- 8/6/2009 Email response from FESA. BAL 40 in new AS3959.
- 24/6/2009 Council received comment from DEC objecting to proposed fire management and supporting the aims in Planning for Bushfire Protection and AS3959; extreme fire hazard, 100m hazard separation zone, need another emergency access route at south end of lot.
- 2/7/2009 Letter from Council to D Lewis asking for response to DEC letter of 24/6/2009.
- 16/2/2010 Email response from FESA: high to extreme hazard; AS3959 level 2: huts do not comply with FMP. (see Attachment 7).
- 18/2/2010 Application from G Orley for planning approval for a sign.
- 25/2/2010 Council received letter from DEC district manager: Type 5 forest, extreme bushfire hazard, 100m hazard separation zone cannot be achieved, bushfire protection should be provided on the property, access, fuel mitigation, oppose the development. (see Attachment 8).
- 11/3/2010 Letter from Council's MDS to Koltasz Smith re Fire Management Plan and traffic plan. Requirements for Fire Management Plan, access, extreme fire hazard, unapproved buildings, unlikely to support.
- 15/3/2010 Letter from Council's MDS to Lewis and Orley and attached history of applications and development.
- 30/3/2010 Council received a submission from D Lewis which considers points raised by FESA and DEC, generally disputing requirements.
- 27/5/2010 Report (15 pages + attachments) by Ewen Ross MDS to Council meeting, agenda item 10.5. Council resolved to continue the

amendment process and to ask the applicant to prepare amendment documents.

7/6/2010

Letter from Council's MDS to Lewis and Orley informing that Council at its meeting in May 2010 decided to continue to initiate the rezoning from Agriculture to Special Use and requested the proponent to prepare amendment documents.

18/9/2010

Letter from David Lewis with updated Scheme Amendment Report, Structural Plan (Appendix A) and Fire Management Plan (Appendix B) to address the Planning for Bush Fire Protection Guidelines 2010.

Referrals to state agencies:

Referrals cl 10.1 LPS 3	Advice/Response/Conditions
EPA. No referral or	
response was found.	
DEC	Response received 25/2/2010. Revised FMP does not address DEC concerns in its letter of 17/6/2009. Extreme bushfire hazard area; Planning for Bushfire Protection needs a 100m Hazard separation Zone; site must provide bushfire protection itself; two access routes may be unusable in a bushfire; southern access across river has authority to enter state or private lands; proponent has not shown how fuel will be reduced; proponent has not shown how risk to people can be mitigated. DEC opposes proposal. (see Attachment 8).
FESA	16/2/2010 email response from FESA: high to extreme hazard; AS3959 level 2; huts do not comply with FMP. (see Attachment 7).

Site Inspections:

The site was inspected on 27 July 2010 by Bob O'Sullivan and Terese Levick-Godwin in company with David Lewis. Notes of the visit (by BO'S) follow:

Barrabup Road has bitumen to Blackwood Drive, then Barrabup Road is gravel 6m wide with tall forest on both sides to the edge of the gravel. There is evidence of fires on most trees and on some tree tops. At the driveway into Lot 1423 there is an entry to 'Barrabup Sanctuary' (straight ahead) and an entry to 'Lewis' on the left hand side which is a rough track through forest.

Met David Lewis at his house and drove south to a levee above the river where David said the flood rose to in 1982. Then drove back north to entry and then west to west boundary of lot 1423, then south along west boundary to Glen Orley's house and met him. Drove south towards the river and through a camping area to a chalet on the river bank, then north past other buildings, north to the

entry to Lot 1423 and left the site, then drove north on Barrabup Road (narrow gravel) to a log barrier and drainage channel which prevented access to Mowen Road (bitumen).

The site was inspected again on the 4 October 2010 by Terese Levick-Godwin, Rehanna Arthur and Bob O'Sullivan with the proponents David Lewis and Glen Orley.

Photographs were taken of the buildings and nearby vegetation, comprising:

- 2 homes,
- camping area of 10 camp sites near a roofed open shelter and a building with 2 toilets and 2 showers,
- camping area of 10 camp sites near a roofed open shelter and a building with 2 toilets and 4 showers,
- building with a double bed described as a bird hide,
- building with a double bed and toilet/shower described as an eco hut,
- river and a river crossing, and the access ways at various points, and
- overhead electricity line crossing the property.

The site visit showed the whole property is a eucalypt forest with smaller trees generally about 15-20 metres high on the higher northern half of the property and larger diameter trees generally 15-30 metres high, but less dense, on the southern half. In the southern half of the land there are large old logs and stumps as evidence that there has not been a serious fire on this land for many years. No evidence was seen of burnt tree tops.

The water in the river was 10-20 metres wide and very shallow, easily crossed by foot, at the river crossing. While there is no legal access from Lot 1423 to the cleared property on the south side of the river, there appears to be no physical impediment to evacuation on foot through the river crossing to the cleared land on the south side of the river. Parts of the undergrowth on Lot 1423 are recently burnt, mainly in the north.

There was a discussion with David Lewis around two main questions:

- whether AS3959 can be applied to new buildings without designating the site a 'bush fire prone area'. This question was also put in emails to David Lewis.
- Whether a section 70A notice can require the owners of the 2 proposed lots to provide access for fire trucks from one lot to the other. A section 70A notice arises in the Fire Management Plan but not in the amendment (Attachment 5).

Assessment Method:

Section 77(1) of the Planning and Development Act requires every local government in preparing or amending a local planning scheme to have due regard to any State Planning Policy which affects its district. The relevant State policies are:

- Statement of Planning Policy -Natural Hazards and Disasters (SPP 3.4),
- Statement of Planning Policy Agricultural and Rural Land Use Planning (SPP 2.5).

This report makes an assessment of the proposed amendment of the Scheme by looking for the amendment's compliance and consistency with:

- · State planning policy for natural hazards (bushfire),
- State planning policy for agriculture, and
- Nannup Shire's Local Planning Scheme,

and by assessing the merits of the proposed amendment with information contained in:

- the planning report by RPS Group, and
- the Fire Management Plan.

No assessment is made of the proposal in the proponents' documents to subdivide the land into 2 lots. Council has not received a referral of an application for subdivision from the WA Planning Commission. The assessment considers Lot 1423 to be undivided.

Assessment - Statement of Planning Policy 3.4 Natural Hazards And Disasters:

The policy was prepared under Section 26 of the *Planning and Development Act* 2005 and local governments must have regard to this policy in the preparation or amendment of town planning schemes, strategies and policies, and when providing comment and advice that deal with applications that may be affected by natural hazards (clause 2).

The Policy applies specifically to the WAPC (clause 3) and to planning schemes and their amendment (clause 4). It should be used by governments to determine those areas that are most vulnerable to bushfire and therefore where development should not be recommended (clause 5) and it authorises the Western Australian Planning Commission to prepare guidelines on hazards which should be taken into account in the determination of proposals (clause 6).

The WAPC and FESA jointly prepared guidelines in the publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines edition 2 of May 2010'. The 'guidelines' provide a method for government to assess the level of the hazard from a bushfire in a

particular area and authorize (page 4) local government to be proactive in identifying hazards:

Bush fire prone areas may be designated by the local government. In designated bush fire prone areas, all new habitable buildings must comply with AS3959. For the purposes of the guidelines, all areas with a moderate or extreme bush fire hazard level are considered to be bush fire prone areas for planning new subdivisions and developments and for building controls. (p.4).

SPP 3.4 gives Council the authority to apply the WAPC/FESA guidelines in the assessment of the proposed rezoning of Lot 1423 below.

Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines ed. 2. May 2010

The guidelines have these cut-off thresholds for new development:

- "Intensification of land uses in the extreme bushfire hazard level is unlikely to be supported" (p.3) and
- "all areas with a moderate or extreme bush fire hazard are considered to be bush fire prone areas" (p.4).
- Development in an area that has an extreme bush fire hazard classification and requires construction standards between BAL-40 and BAL-FZ will normally not be approved (p.7, 11).

In areas with an extreme bush fire hazard level where more intensive development is <u>unavoidable</u>, permanent hazard reduction measures need to be implemented (p.8).

If the land abuts vegetated land managed by DEC, refer the application to DEC (p.9).

Appendix 1 of the guidelines has the methodology to determine the 'bush fire hazard level' of an area (low, medium, extreme) and the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL).

The vegetation type (see Attachments 3 & 4) on the whole of Lot 1423 (see Attachment 2) corresponds to the description of 'A open forest' in Table 1 and Figure 1 of Appendix 1 and a bush fire hazard level of extreme (see item 3 on page 18).

Lot 1423 falls in height, in a distance of 1500 metres, from RL 130m at the northeast corner to RL 60m on the bank of the Blackwood River next to existing and proposed buildings, an average gradient of 70/1500 or 3% approximately. From Table 2 of the guidelines, the bushfire attack levels are:

- BAL-FZ for vegetation less than 20m downslope (0-5 degrees) from structures, BAL-40 for vegetation 20-27metres downslope (0-5 degrees) from structures,
- BAL-FZ for vegetation less than 16metres upslope from structures,
 BAL-40 for the vegetation that is 16-21metres upslope from structures.

BAL -FZ must be adopted because the inspection of the site showed the vegetation is less than 20 metres from the existing and proposed buildings. Appendix 2 has the bush fire protection performance criteria and acceptable solutions. Table 2 states that where the bush fire hazard level is 'Extreme hazard', then **development is to be avoided** and no criterion or performance level is provided.

Consequently, the approach should be to avoid risk to human life for residents and fire fighters and no one should rely on a 'plan B' rescue by fire fighters. The land is bordered by state eucalypt forest on the north and east and private eucalypt plantation on the west. The level of maintenance in state forests is uncertain. The publication 'Statutory Review of the Forest Products Act 2000 FINAL REPORT November 2006' by the Forest Products Commission (FPC) has concern, in paragraph 7.2 Standards of Fire Services, with the management of bushfires on state land:

"FPC has commented on the regular shortcomings on the part of the DEC in performing the annual works program."

To avoid personal risk from fire there has to be a safe route on which people leave the area to reach a safe place, for example a clearing at least 100metres in all directions.

The aerial photo in Attachment 2 indicates clear areas in adjoining Lot 2895 on the west and in 3 freehold lots on the south of the Blackwood River. The river is crown land and was shallow when inspected. A crossing on foot to a clearing is possible.

From the north east corner of Lot 1423, Barrabup Road leads in 2 directions,

- north through eucalypt state forest for 500 metres to a fork where one arm turns west to a farm with a clearing and the other arm goes north 1.1km to a log barrier and ditch at Mowen Road, and
- east through eucalypt state forest for 2.5 km to the intersection with Blackwood Drive where there is an improvement in road-side conditions and safety from fire.

A bushfire approaching Lot 1423 from the north will be in a large area of state forest and this may deter anyone on Lot 1423 from attempting to escape 1.6km to Mowen Road or 2.5 km to the cleared areas near the corner of Barrabup Road and Blackwood Drive.

COMMENT:

There is no evidence on the ground that Lot 1423 was subject to a bushfire, and the proponents said there has not been a bushfire on the land in the last 30 years, except a small area affected by a bushfire from Lot 2895 that started from an electricity line. However there is evidence in Barrabup Road of a fire in the top of mature trees.

The features surrounding Lot 1423, being a eucalypt forest on the north and east, eucalypt plantation on the west, steep slopes on parts of the east and west, and eucalypt trees in the river banks and on parts of adjoining lands on the south, do suggest a risk of bushfire on Lot 1423 that would be serious under adverse weather conditions and that a fire could come from almost any direction.

Assessment:

The finding is:

- the vegetation type on the whole of Lot 1423 corresponds to 'A open forest' in Table 1 and Figure 1 of Appendix 1 of the WAPC/FESA guidelines,
- · the bush fire hazard level is extreme,
- the bushfire attack level is BAL-FZ, and
- development should be avoided.

If Council considers the bushfire hazard level on Lot 1423 and its surrounds is moderate or extreme there is authority in SPP 3.4 for Council to:

- Identify Lot 1423 and surrounding contiguous eucalypt forest and eucalypt plantation on a map.
- resolve that the area is a designated bush fire prone area, and
- require AS3959 be used to assess future building applications in that area.

Statement of Planning Policy 2.5 Agricultural And Rural Land Use Planning: Local government must have due regard to this policy in the preparation or amendment of town planning schemes, strategies and policies, and when providing comment and advice on planning applications that deal with rural land.

Lot 1423 is not in or near an Agricultural Priority Management Area (Fig. 2). There are no considerations arising from this policy because Lot 1423 is not cleared for agricultural use and there are no known agricultural activities on

adjoining lands that may affect the use of Lot 1423 or be affected by one of the proposed uses of Lot 1423.

Amendment No. 10 in relation to the Local Planning Scheme 3:

The text in the Amendment 10 is in Attachment 5. The Amendment is to introduce a Special Use Zone with 7 permitted uses that apply to a future Lot 1 and 7 permitted uses that apply to a future Lot 2, all within the existing Lot 1423.

The amendment will become part of the local planning scheme if the amendment is approved by the WAPC. Consequently, the assessment is made to find whether the amendment is consistent with the Local Planning Strategy and the Local Planning Scheme, whether it is necessary, and whether the Special Provisions in the amendment are sufficient and can be implemented.

Local Planning Strategy:

The Local Planning Strategy has no provisions for the Special Use Zone (page 18). The policy for all rural areas, in clause 13.4.2, is that proposals for development must demonstrate that the development meets appropriate fire hazard and risk standards.

Lot 1423 is in the north east corner of Rural Planning Precinct NR5. In this precinct the Blackwood River is a key natural resource asset and has significant recreational, scenic and environmental values. Protection of riparian vegetation is particularly important – there are only relatively minor areas of agricultural land. The Precinct objective is to provide for the sustainable use of land within the agricultural zones for a range of rural pursuits. The development guideline for farming is to enable workers accommodation and tourist/holiday accommodation.

The strategy for Rural Agricultural Development is to have restrictions on the subdivision of agricultural land as a major component of the local planning scheme (p.35) and, where land abuts the Blackwood River but is not within the area of the Flood study, all development will be assessed in consultation with the Department of Water (page 37) and the Department of Environment and Conservation.

Assessment:

The proposed amendment is not consistent with the aim for Rural Planning Precinct NR5 which is to provide for rural pursuits, like growing animals and plants and sale of produce. There is no farming on Lot 1423 from which to establish tourist/holiday accommodation.

Local Planning Scheme No.3:

The <u>Zoning Table in LPS 3</u> determines whether a proposed use is permitted (P) or permissible (D) with advertising (A) or prohibited (X) in each of the 12 zones. Lot 1423 is in the Agriculture Zone. For each land use in the proposed amendment the determinations from the Zoning Table are as follow:

- Art and Craft Centre a 'D' use.
- Caretaker dwelling a 'D' use.
- Chalet an 'A' use.
- Cottage Industry a 'D' use.
- Dwelling single dwelling a 'P' use.
- Recreation & Leisure a 'D' use.
- Restaurant an 'A' use.
- Caravan & camping an 'A' use.
- Residential Building an 'A' use.

Assessment:

Each proposed use is now permitted or permissible on Lot 1423. A use may be subject to a planning policy or development requirements in the local planning scheme but is permitted or permissible with conditions in the Agriculture Zone in which Lot 1423 now lies. There is no need to rezone Lot 1423 to begin each use.

Clause 10.2 in LPS 3 has the matters to consider when dealing with applications:

- (n) whether the land to which the application relates is unsuitable for the proposal by reason of it being or likely to be subject to – bushfire or any other risk.
- (q) whether the proposed means of access to or egress from the site are adequate.

The proposal is on land with vegetation that is an extreme level of bushfire hazard. The road to enter and leave the site, Barrabup Road, is through a state eucalypt forest where trees stand next to the edge of the gravel road. The 2 unformed roads in Lot 1423 are through eucalypt forest where trees stand next to the roads. The roads that provide access to and within Lot 1423 are not suitable for the public to use.

Special Provisions in the proposed Amendment: (see Attachment 5).

The Special Provisions are in Column 3 of Schedule 4 in the Amendment. Special Provision 1 requires development of the site in accordance with the Structure Plan (see attachment 6). The Structure Plan shows Lot 1423 divided into two proposed lots with one development cell in each lot. On the Structure Plan, the western development cell has a bunkhouse, 6 chalets, existing residence and outbuildings, and 2 groups of 10 camping sites. In the site inspection on 4/10/10 the structures/uses that were seen were two chalets, residence and outbuildings, and 2 camp areas each with 10 campsites and toilets and showers.

Assessment:

This Special Provision requires an approval from the WAPC to subdivide Lot 1423 into 2 lots at the same time as an approval for rezoning. The Permitted Uses in the amendment do not include a Bunkhouse. Three Permitted Uses are not

shown on the Structure Plan: Caretaker Dwelling, Recreation and Leisure, and Residential Building (max 8 persons). The Residential Building may be the Bunkhouse.

On the eastern half of Lot 1423, the Structure Plan shows 2 development cells, one in the north with a residence, cottage industry, arts and craft centre and cafe. The second cell, in the south, has 3 bush chalets. There are inconsistencies between the Structure Plan and the Permitted Uses in the amendment. Three chalets are shown on the Structure Plan but there 6 Chalets in the permitted uses; Caretaker Dwelling is a permitted use in the amendment but is not on the Structure Plan; Cafe is on the Structure Plan but not in the amendment text.

Special Provision 2:

Requires a development application prior to any development.

Assessment:

This requirement is inconsistent with clause 4.3.2 and 4.3.3 of Local Planning Scheme 3, a permitted development does not require development approval.

Special Provision 3:

Local government may approve development applications that are at variance with the Structure plan providing it does not affect the amenity of the site.

Assessment:

The provision must not restrict Council considerations to 'amenity of the site'. Council must be able to consider other matters in the local planning scheme particularly Part 10.

Special Provision 4:

Developer to upgrade Barrabup Road to the satisfaction of local government.

Assessment:

This is a vague provision that may be unenforceable for lack of certainty and lack of power if development for a permitted use complies with all other special provisions in the amendment.

Special Provision 5:

The Fire Management Plan to be adopted by local government and implemented at the development stage.

Assessment:

The Fire Management Plan has imperfections in the assessment of the fire hazard in the existing vegetation. Consequently imperfections arise in the proposed setbacks of buildings from fire hazard, the adequacy of personal protection in any buildings and the escape tracks and roads both internal and external to the site.

There is no undertaking from the proponent, or provision in the amendment, to require the proponent to implement the proposals in the Fire Management Plan.

Special Provision 6:

No trees or substantial vegetation shall be felled or removed except – for the establishment of legislated firebreaks etc.

Assessment:

This restriction on tree removal is commendable as a conservation measure. It maintains the whole of the site with the classification 'A open forest', the bush fire hazard level remains extreme, the bushfire attack level is BAL-FZ and development should be avoided.

Special Provision 7:

Lists matters that local government should consider in a proposal for development.

Assessment:

This provision has the problems that are in Special Provisions 2 and 3.

Special Provision 8:

Buildings and structures shall be within the development cells on the structure plan etc.

Assessment:

This provision is needed.

Special Provision 9:

All habitable buildings shall comply with AS3959 Construction of buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas.

Assessment:

Agree.

Special Provision 10:

No person shall occupy a building other than an approved residence or caretakers dwelling for more than 3 months in 12 months.

Assessment:

A chalet is an approved detached accommodation unit for single occupancy and consequently is an approved residence that is not bound by the 3 month rule. The special provision does not work to limit occupancy of chalets to 3 months.

Report by RPS Group:

The description in section 2, Site Environment, reflects what can be seen from the site and its surrounds except for some important facts:

In paragraph 2.6 Access, the statement is given that Barrabup Road:

- "provides an alternative 1.5km vehicular access for local traffic to Mowen Road" and
- "it now provides a suitable and safe alternative access to and from the site".

Assessment:

This road is through state forest, with tress growing to the edge of a narrow unused track which is blocked before Mowen Road by a log and a ditch which prevents access to Mowen Road. This route is exposed to bush fire hazards and is neither suitable nor safe access to or from Mowen Road. A person attempting to find this route may become lost particularly if there is smoke.

<u>Paragraph 2.7 Land Use</u> does not discuss the two structures equipped for residential use with bed, toilet and shower near the Blackwood River which the proponents describe as "bird hide" and "eco-hut".

In paragraph 2.9 Flooding, the proponent says floodwater in 1982 rose to 61metres AHD and the "bird watching huts" have floor levels close to 60m AHD.

Assessment:

No evidence is provided for these figures or the claim that the curvature of the river and the trees give additional protection from floodwater. The statements show the existing and the proposed structures near the river are not well located. There is no proposal for a foreshore along the river.

Paragraph 3.1 argues the rezoning is necessary because there is no discretion in the local planning scheme that will allow *Nature Based Park, Timber Processing* or *Arts and Crafts Centre.*

Assessment:

There are 2 anomalies: the proponent is not intending to develop *Nature Based Park* or *Timber Processing* (see the proponents Schedule 4 at the back of the report) and an *Art and Crafts Centre* is permissible under the Local Planning Scheme 3. Consequently the rezoning is not necessary.

<u>Paragraph 3.2</u> assumes the Shire Local Planning Strategy is for tourist development of the site.

Assessment:

The Local Planning Strategy proposes that Lot 1423 be used for agriculture and rural pursuits (Precinct Objective for Precinct NR 5 on page 29).

Rural pursuits are defined in Schedule 1 of the Local Planning Scheme and they relate to animals, horticulture and the sale of produce grown on the lot.

<u>Paragraph 3.4</u> refers to SPP 2.5 Agricultural and Rural Land Use Planning and asserts: "It is undesirable for the site to be utilised for agriculture for two primary reasons – its natural attributes and – lack of resources for sustained agriculture".

Assessment:

No information is provided to support this assertion.

<u>Paragraph 4.5 Fire Management</u>, states the proposal was developed with due consideration of WAPC Fire Planning Policy DC3.7, SPP 3.4 Natural Hazards and Disasters, FESA/WAPC publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection Guidelines edition 2' and AS3959 Construction of Buildings in Fire Prone Areas.

Assessment:

DC3.7 is replaced by the FESA/WAPC publication (page 1). The RPS Group report does not assess the bushfire hazard level of Lot 1423.

Fire Management Plan (FMP):

The Fire Management Plan was prepared by the proponent Mr. David Lewis who gives his qualification as Bachelor of Applied Science Mechanical Engineering.

The aim (page 3) is to demonstrate the development will permanently change the character of the land which will reduce the bushfire hazard level.

The plan's objectives (page 4) rely on restricting development to 2 designated development cells next to the river, fuel loads below 8 tonne /ha, daily fire weather warnings, personal protection in buildings built to AS3959, a safe haven in the main residence in each cell if evacuation is not possible, fire suppression, firebreak, adequate access and water.

The Fire Management Plan is assessed by the planner in Attachment 9 and the Community Emergency Services Manager in Attachment 10.

The assessments find: the Plan under-estimates the level of fire hazard because the procedure in the WAPC/FESA guidelines was not followed, the 2 existing residences have wooden exterior walls and cannot be fire shelters that comply with the bushfire standard in the Building Code, the proponents should not rely on volunteer brigades for help when it is needed, there is no safe route for residents to leave the site and no safe route for a volunteer fire-fighting vehicle to enter the site, the river is not an adequate fire break, the vegetation will remain classified 'A open forest' with a fire hazard level 'extreme' in the WAPC/FESA guidelines even if the undergrowth is removed, the working detail for a bushfire alarm system is not given, the river crossing cannot be included in the Fire management Plan, and responsibilities that belong with the owner of the property are improperly assigned to local government.

Conclusions:

The proposal has been considered since 2005 by 3 previous planners/MDS who asked for information to clarify features of the proposal that were not fully understood. There is sufficient information now and the proposal is understood. It is a proposal to rezone Lot 1423 to the Special Use Zone, to make a number of proposed land uses permitted uses, and to make Special Provisions which are requirements for the development on Lot 1423. The Special Provisions do not include requirements for a subdivision although the intent of the amendment (paragraph 2) is provide subdivision requirements. Consequently, the proposal is assessed on the proposed permitted land uses, the Special Provisions that accompany those land uses in the proposed amendment, and the explanatory material in the accompanying planning report and Fire Management Plan. The conclusions follow:

- 1. Application and referrals: the application is properly made to allow Council to consider whether to initiate the amendment. Council last resolved to initiate the amendment in April 2008 and referred the proposal to DEC and FESA but apparently not to the Environmental Protection Authority. The responses from DEC and FESA are objections to the proposal. The proposal has references to a subdivision but the subdivision of Lot 1423 is not considered in this report.
- 2. State planning policies: SPP 3.4 authorises and requires Council to assess the level of bushfire hazard with the methodology in the WAPC/FESA publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines edition 2, May 2010'.
 - The assessment is: the vegetation type on the whole of Lot 1423 corresponds to 'A open forest', the bush fire hazard level is extreme, the bushfire attack level is BAL-FZ, and development should be avoided.
- 3. Local Planning Strategy: The proposed amendment is not consistent with the aim in the Local Planning Strategy for Rural Planning Precinct NR5 which is to provide for rural pursuits.
- 4. Local Planning Scheme: All the proposed uses are now either permitted or permissible on Lot 1423. Each may be subject to a planning policy or development requirements in the local planning scheme but all are permissible in the Agriculture Zone in which Lot 1423 now lies. There is no need to rezone Lot 1423.
- 5. Special Conditions in Amendment: There are imperfections in the Special Provisions to do with inconsistencies between the permitted uses and the structure plan, inconsistency with the local planning scheme 3, lack of certainty, reliance on the Fire Management Plan with its imperfections, and time limits on occupancy.
- 6. Report by RPS Group: The access to the site is through 2.5km of state eucalypt forest which the proponent assessed as an extreme fire hazard. Flooding from the Blackwood River has reached the two existing huts but no

estimate is given for likely flooding in the 2 development cells near the Blackwood River.

7. Fire Management Plan: the assessment of the level of fire hazard in the existing vegetation was not made with the method in the WAPC/FESA publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines ed. 2. May 2010'. The Fire Management Plan underestimates the fire hazard level throughout Lot 1423, it does not provide two roads to leave the site to a safe area and it does not provide a structure for personal protection in case people cannot leave the land.

There is no undertaking from the proponent, or provision in the amendment, to require the proponent to implement the proposals in the Fire Management Plan.

Overall, the proposed amendment to the Local Planning scheme has imperfections and uncertainties that may create a dangerous situation in a fire season for residents and rescuers.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT: Planning and Development Act 2005.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council resolve to not proceed with Amendment No. 10 of Local Planning Scheme No3, to rezone Lot 1423 on DP113228 from the Agriculture Zone to the Special Use Zone, for the following reasons:

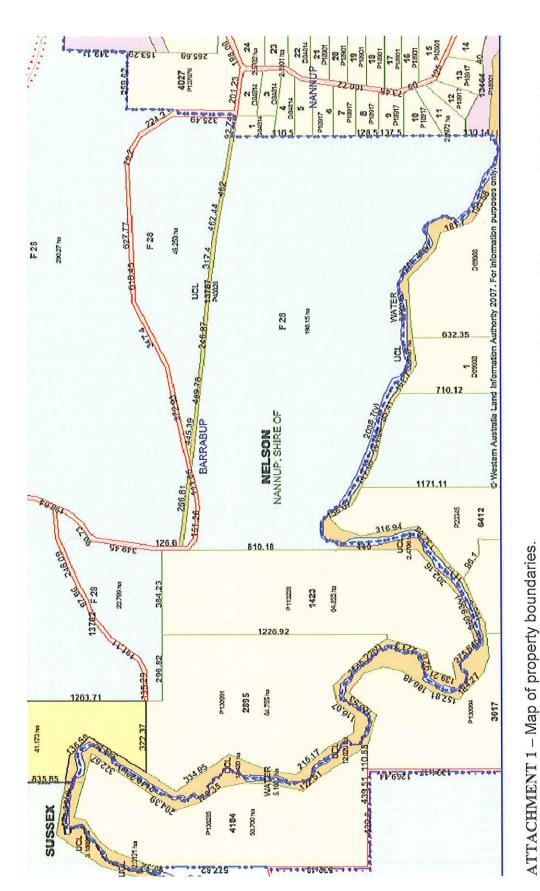
- 1. The proposed development is on land with vegetation of the type 'A open forest', the bush fire hazard level is extreme, the bushfire attack level is BAL-FZ and development should be avoided to comply with State Planning Policy 3.4 Natural Hazards And Disasters and the WAPC and FESA jointly prepared guidelines in the publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines edition 2, May 2010'.
- 2. The proposed amendment is not consistent with the aim in the Local Planning Strategy for land in Rural Planning Precinct NR5, which is to provide for rural pursuits.
- 3. All the proposed uses are now either permitted or permissible on Lot 1423. Each 'use' may be subject to a planning policy or development requirements in the local planning scheme but all are permissible in the Agriculture Zone in which Lot 1423 now lies. There is no need to rezone Lot 1423.

- 4. There are imperfections in the Special Provisions with inconsistencies between the permitted uses and the structure plan, inconsistency with the Local Planning Scheme No.3, lack of certainty in the Special Provisions, reliance on the imperfect Fire Management Plan, and inconsistency in time limits on occupancy.
- 5. The access to the site is through 2.5km of state eucalypt forest which the proponent assessed as an extreme fire hazard. Flooding from the Blackwood River has reached the two existing huts but no estimate is given for likely flooding in the 2 development cells near the Blackwood River.
- 6. The assessment of the level of fire hazard in the existing vegetation was not made with the method in the WAPC/FESA publication 'Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines ed. 2. May 2010'. The Fire Management Plan underestimates the fire hazard level throughout Lot 1423, it does not provide two roads to leave the site to a safe area and it does not provide a structure for personal protection in case people cannot leave the land.
- 7. There is no undertaking from the proponent, or provision in the amendment, to require the proponent to implement the proposals in the Fire Management Plan.
- Overall, the proposed amendment to the Local Planning scheme has imperfections and uncertainties that may create a dangerous situation in a fire season for residents and rescuers.

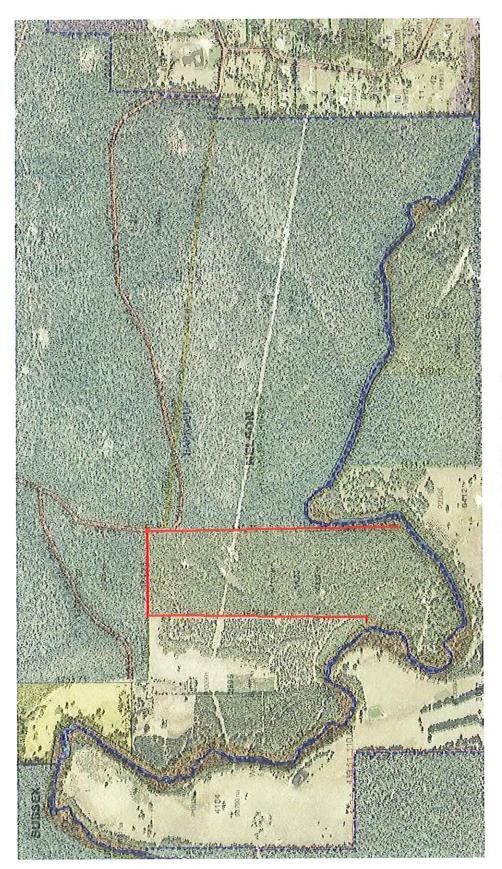
8472 BOULTER/PINKERTON

That Council defer this item for further consultation.

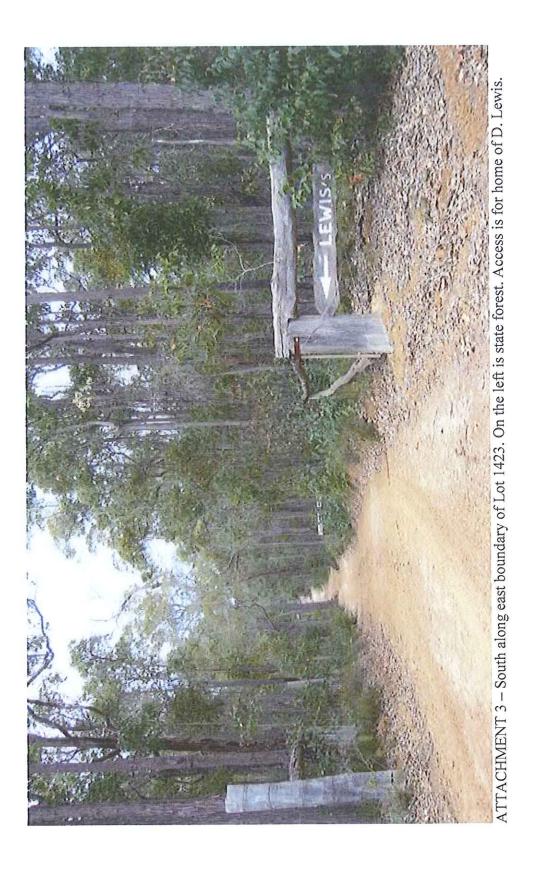
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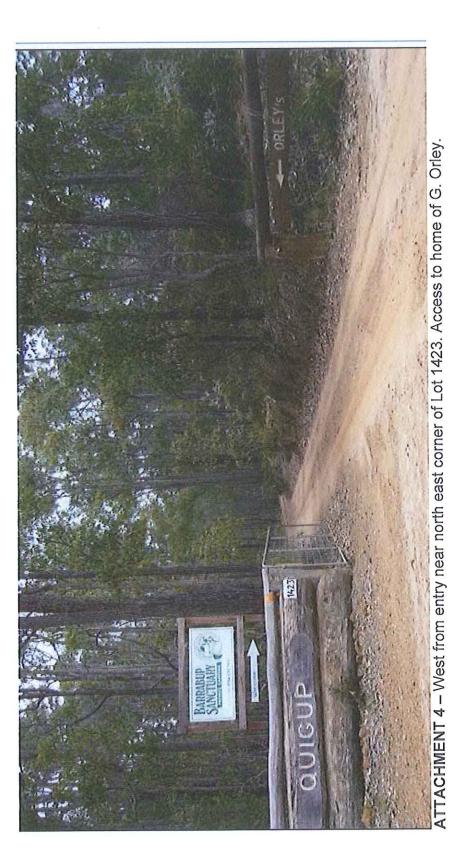


Lot 1423 DP113228 bounded on north and east by state forest, on south by Blackwood River, on west by freehold. Barrabup Road in red at north-east corner of Lot 1423.



Barrabup Road in red at north-east corner of Lot 1423. Power line in clearing east to west through Lot 1423. Lot 1423 bounded on north and east by state forest, on south by Blackwood River, on west by freehold. ATTACHMENT 2 - Aerial photo (by Landgate 2007). Lot 1423 and locality.





Attachment 5: Amendment 10 of LPS3 (text to rezone Lot 1423)

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005

RESOLUTION DECIDING TO AMEND A LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME SHIRE OF NANNUP

LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME NO. 3

AMENDMENT NO. 10

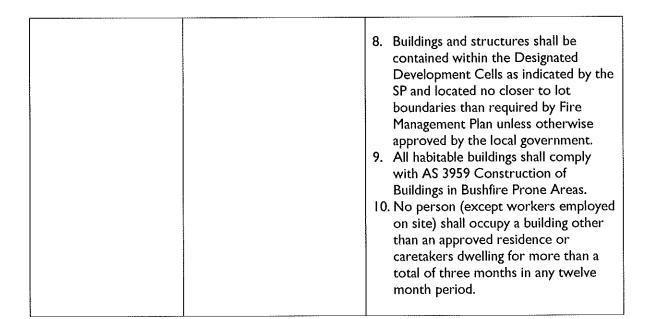
RESOLVED that the Council, in pursuance of Section 75 of the Planning and Development Act 2005, amend the above local planning scheme by:

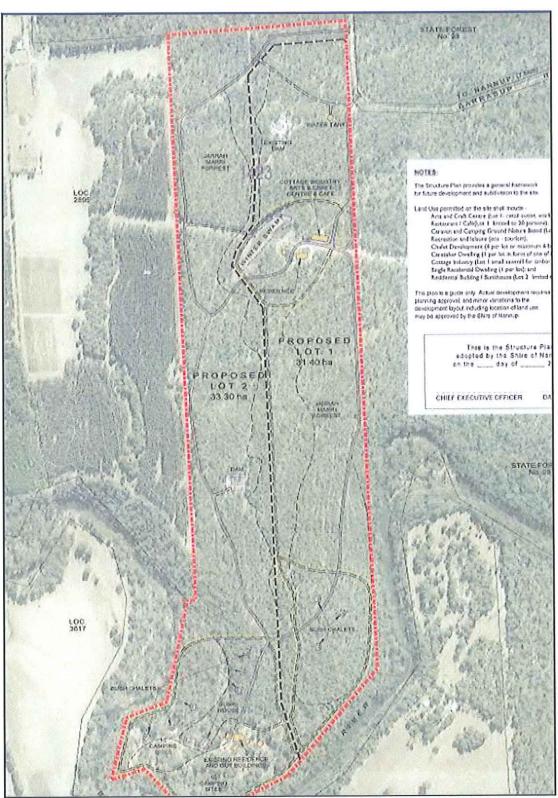
- I. Rezoning Nelson Location 1423 Barrabup Road Nannup (as depicted on the Scheme Amendment Map) from the "Agriculture" to "Special Use".
- 2. Adding to Schedule 4 of the Scheme text, a description of the land, permitted land uses and special provisions outlining specific development and subdivision requirements
- 3. Amending the Scheme Map accordingly.

SCHEDULE 4: SPECIAL USE ZONES

SCHEDOLE 4: SPECIAL USE ZUNES			
Description of Land	Permitted Land Use	Special Provisions	
Nelson Location 1423,	LOT I	Development of the Site shall	
Barrabup Road, Nannup	Art and Craft Centre	generally be in accordance with the	
	Caretaker dwelling (in the	Structure Plan (SP) attached to the	
	form of a chalet)	Scheme Report and adopted by the	
	Chalet Development –	Shire of Nannup and endorsed by the	
	includes caretakers dwelling	Western Australian Planning	
	(maximum 6 or 6 bedrooms)	Commission.	
	Cottage industry (small scale	2. A development application shall be	
	sawmill)	lodged and approved by the local	
	Dwelling – single	government prior to the	
	Recreation and Leisure	commencement or development of	
	Restaurant (maximum 20	any Permitted Use.	
	persons)	3. Local government may approve	
		development applications that are at	
	LOT 2	variance with the SP providing such	
	Caravan and Camping	variations in the opinion of local	
	Ground (maximum 20	government do not affect the amenity	
	campsites or 50 persons)	of the Site. In respect of such	
	Caretaker dwelling in the	applications local government shall	
	form of a chalet	advertise such variation for public	

	evelopment –	comment in accordance with clause
	caretakers dwelling	9.4 of the Scheme
l ,	, 1	At the time of development the
Dwelling		developer will be responsible for any
1	on and Leisure	upgrading of Barrabup Road that may
	al Building	be required to the satisfaction of the
(maximu	n 8 persons)	local government.
	5.	A Fire Management Plan (FMP) shall
		be prepared at the scheme
		amendment stage to the satisfaction of
		local government and the Fire and
		Emergency Services Authority. The
		FMP to be adopted by local
		government and implemented at the
		development stage.
	6.	No trees or substantial vegetation
2		shall be felled or removed from the
		Site except where:
		 Required for approved
		development works;
		 The establishment of legislated
		firebreaks;
1		 Implementation of the FMP
		Trees are dead, diseased or
		dangerous;
1		 Through the use of practices that
		will lead to preservation or
		enhancement of the natural
		vegetation.
	7	In considering any proposal for
	'.	development, the following shall be
		addressed to the satisfaction of the
		local government:
-		-
		 Proximity to the 1 in 100 year flood zone.
		Conflicting uses which may impinge the amounts of the area or
		on the amenity of the area or
		neighbouring properties;
		Effect on provision of essential
		services;
	- Section 1	 Installation of effluent and waste disposal systems;
		 Installation of potable and other
		water supply systems;
		Upgrading requirements to interna
		vehicular access roads;
		• Fire protection measures.
The state of the s		





Attachment 6: Structure Plan

ATTACHMENT 7: Response from FESA 16/2/2010

TERESE LEVICK-GODWIN
COMMUNITY EMERGENCY SERVICES MANAGER
NANNUP SHIRE
PH 9756 1018
MB 0429 318 763
A/H 9756 0068
EMAIL terese.levickgodwin@nannup.wa.gov.au

From: McNAMARA Merv [mailto:Merv.McNamara@fesa.wa.gov.au]

Sent: Tuesday, 16 February 2010 12:46 PM

To: TERESE LEVICK-GODWIN

Subject: FW: Amendment 3 and Amendment 10

Terese in response to Amendment 10

I would like to see the following changes made to the fire management plan

- 4.2 do not agree with low on river I would put it as extreme blue gums to the west would be a high to extreme hazard not low as indicated
- 4.3 classification would be closer to High/ extreme
- 5 and 5.1 put in AS3959 level 2
- Details of were passing bays are to be located
- 5.2 should be a fire rating of Very High to Severe to instigate evacuation
- 5.7.3 20m to 40m and then there is no confusion
- 7.3 dot point three to clearly state AS3959 level 2
- Figure 5 3 huts don't comply with FMP no exemptions

FESA would support the FMP only if all works are carried out as per FMP <u>prior to any sub division</u> <u>approval</u> and all current habitable buildings including the bird hatches are to AS3959 level 2

Proposed chalets dependent on slop may require 30BPZ and 20HPZ

Give us a call to discuss

Regards

Merv McNamara Area Manager Central South FESA South West Operations

Attachment 8: Response from DEC received 25/2/2010



Government of Western Australia
Department of Environment and Conservation

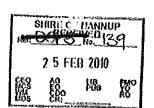
Your ref. A 069
Curref: 2008/003872
Enquiries: John Carter
Ptions: 08 9752 6555

Fex. 08 9752 1432

Email: Blackwood@dec.wa.gov.au

A089

Chief Executive Officer Shire of Nannup PO Box 11 NANNUP WA 6275 Attn: Ms Tereso Levick-Godwin



Dear Terese

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LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME 3 AMENDMENT No. 10 NELSON LOCATION 1423 BARRABUP ROAD NANNUP

Thank-you for your letter of 19 January 2010 allowing the Department of Environment and Conservation (DEC) the opportunity to comment on the revised Fire Management Ptan (FMP) for Location 1423 Barrabup Road. DEC does not consider the revised FMP addresses the concerns raised in its letter of 17 June 2009.

In assessing the bushfire hazard rating of Loc. 1423 as being a High bushfire hazard rating (as shown in FMP Figure 2), the proponent has determined the vegetation to be a *Type 5* or 6 Woodland. The Planning for Bushfire Protection document (PFBFP) Figure 1 shows that trees less than 30m high with a canopy of 30-70% is classed as a *Type 5 Forest*. Type 5 Forest is classified as being an Extreme bushfire hazard area. Observations of Loc.1423 during the site visit in 2009 support this rating.

Amongst other requirements, the PFBFP document seeks a 100-metre Hazard Separation Zone between areas of Extreme bushfire hazard and buildings. DEC supports this policy.

The 100 metre Hazard Separation Zone is designed to provide a degree of protection for people and property from wildfire occurring on lands supporting such dense bushland. The 100m HSZ supported by DEC cannot be achieved within Loc. 1423 and extends into the adjoining State forest.

Blackwood District - Busselton Office: 14 Queen Street, Busselton, Western Australa 6260 Phone: (08) 9752 5555 | Fax: (08) 9762 1432 www.dec wa.gov.eu

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3/3 Comments sext to Even by email

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The FMP outlines that the Fire Suppression Response for Loc. 1423 include the Nannup Bush Fire Brigade. The proponent should not rely on any external assistance in the event of a bushfire in this area and all bushfire protection requirements should be provided on the property itself.

The FMP indicates that there are two emergency egress routes to the north of Loc. 1423, being Barrabup Road to the Nannup townsite and Mowen Road. These routes may become unusable in the event of a fire moving towards Loc. 1423 from the north/northeast directions. The alternative egress route is to the south across the Blackwood River. The proponent has indicated that the river levels are ankle deep from spring to autumn. There have been periods where summer floods such as in 1982 have made crossing the river impossible. This access crosses an area of Unallocated Crown Land before passing into private property. The proponent has not demonstrated he has obtained the right or legal authority to cross these lands. DEC does not consider the route the proponent has considered is a safe and reliable egress route.

The FMP states that the Hazard Separation Zone must not exceed 4.6 tonne/hectare (of fiammable fuels) and the Bushland Zone will be maintained at 8 t/ha. It is stated that this will be achieved by burning or mechanical means. The proponent has not adequately demonstrated how this onerous task can be achieved as fuel reduction in the HSZ would have to be undertaken every three (to four) years and the Bushland Zone every five years.

The proponent has not demonstrated to DEC that the bushfire risk to people and property in this form of development can be adequately mitigated. Therefore DEC opposes this form of development on Loc. 1423.

If you require clarification on any point, please contact John Carter on 9752 5555.

Yours faithfully

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Greg Mair

DISTRICT MANAGER

16 February 2010

ATTACHMENT 9: Assessment of Fire Management Plan

Summary of proponent's points in FM P	Planner's assessment
Vegetation at the river is less than 20m	The vegetation along the river is more than
wide and a low level bush fire hazard	20 metres wide because it continues
(page 4).	unbroken from the river bank into and
	throughout Lot 1423. It is not clear how the
	low hazard level was achieved.
Whole Site: The bushfire hazard level is	Agree with assessment 'extreme'.
extreme in the north (p. 5). Fuel load will	The proponent has not followed the
be reduced to below 8 t/ha. This will	method on page 18 in the WAPC/FESA
modify the vegetation type. The overall	guidelines which is: "classifying the bush fire
internal assessment is moderate which will	hazard by assessing the predominant
permit development (page 5).	vegetation (table 1) is a key to the initial
A Bushfire Hazard Assessment map is on	determination of the site suitability for
page 25. All properties surrounding Lot	development". The level of bushfire hazard
1423 are shown 'extreme' but the whole of	is fixed by the vegetation type found in
Lot 1423 has a hazard rating of	Table 1 and its corresponding hazard
'moderate'.	level, low moderate or extreme from text
	on page 18 which in this case is 'extreme'.
	Neither the amending documents nor the
	Fire Management Plan propose to remove
	or thin the forest to change its vegetation
	type and so reduce the hazard rating from
	'extreme'.The guidelines say "It is highly
	recommended that buildings not be constructed in the extreme bush fire hazard
Dayslanment Areas:	rating zone". (p.18) The assessment of the two development
Development Areas: The Fire Hazard Reduction Notice	cells relies on a notice issued to require
supplied by local government requires a	clearing around existing buildings. There is
2m firebreak abutting all homesteads and	no explanation for taking this approach or
buildings and a Reduced Flammable Fuel	for not using the method of assessment in
Zone extending a further 20m and be	Apendix 1 of the WAPC/FESA guidelines.
cleared of all flammable material except	The method to use is:
for live standing trees.	Determine the bush fire hazard rating and,
Vegetation within the proposed	if it is not 'extreme', the Bush Fire Attack
developments will be permanently	Level (BAL) and finally the appropriate
do to to politication in	

modified.(para 4.4, p.5)	construction requirements that will satisfy
The bushfire hazard rating within the areas	the criteria in Appendix 2.
of development will then be low/moderate	The proponent has not followed this path.
(page 5).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
No land has been declared 'bush fire prone' in the shire.	There are two areas in Schedule 12 of the Local Planning Scheme 3 where buildings are to comply with AS3959 'Construction in Bushfire Prone Areas'. The Building Code requires a local government to declare a "designated bush fire prone area" before it can require compliance with AS3959.
The proponent has lived on the site since	During an inspection on 4/10/2009 no
1980 and no wildfires have started from	evidence was seen of fires in the tops of
within the site. One wildfire started in Lot	trees, large old logs were on the ground.
2895 (on the west) from electricity lines	trees, large old lege were on the grounds
and was controlled by DEC/Forestry.	
Residences will act as safe havens (page	There is no information to establish that
6).	the existing residences, with exposed
	timber walls, can be safe havens.
The development cells and access ways	The 2 cells and the access ways are in
provide interlinked fire safe areas.(6.1, p.6)	areas that have a bushfire rating of
	'extreme' where development should be avoided.
North Nannup bushfire brigade has a	There is no information to establish these
response time of 5-10 minutes and	response times.
DEC/Forestry a response time of 10-20	
minutes which meets the minimum 20	
minute for rural development protection	
(p.6)	
It is proposed to house a mobile fire-	There is no information for this vehicle or
fighting unit permanently on the site (p.6).	where it will be stationed.
Two internal driveways on the eastern and	The existing access way on the east is
western boundaries are emergency egress	unformed, sandy, narrow, vegetation
routes to the public road network and will	touches both sides of a vehicle in some
provide 2-way traffic.	places and not linked to the south west
	corner of the site as depicted on the

	Structure Plan in the RPS Group report.
Evacuation Plan: Residences will be adequately protected at other times due to the greater setbacks for residences from any extreme hazards. (6.1.3, p.7)	The 2 existing residences and the 2 existing 'huts' are close to forest that has a bushfire rating 'extreme'. The proposed residences are also in forest rated 'extreme'.
A river crossing is an escape route on crown land that is available to FESA or DEC (6.2.1, page 7).	Inspection 4/10/2010: Water in the river was 10-20 metres wide and very shallow, easily crossed by foot, at the river crossing. Access from Lot 1423 across river & VCL to cleared Lot on the south side of the river, no physical impediment to evacuation on foot. The river crossing must be land in the proposed amendment to be an escape route.
6.2 Access: Internal driveways on the east	Agree. The two internal access ways meet
and west sides of the site provide access	at the entry to the property, see
to the public road network. (p.7)	Attachmens 3 & 4.
Requirements for access ways are: all	The 2 existing access ways do not meet
weather surface, 6m wide and no dead	the requirements at left and they end as
ends for fire service, internal access roads	dead-ends, they do not meet as depicted
4m wide, 4m wide firebreak in HSZ,	on the Structure Plan in Attachment 6.
turnarounds every 500m for 3.4 fire trucks,	
two way traffic or have passing bays @	
200m and 6m wide inclusive of 6m	
trafficable surface. (page 8).	
Dead ends and cul-de-sacs are avoided.	
Battle-axe entry for Lot 2. Common key for	
gates available to fire personnel. Gates on	
Fire Management map (pages 8,16).	
The proposed fire breaks system is: a	The river pool is parallel to the eastern half
permanent river pool 20-30m wide and	of the southern boundary. On the western
1km long on south east, driveways and	side the tree tops merge across the river.
development cells on the south and south	The driveways are not effective firebreaks
west, 20m wide clearing in electricity	for a moving fire in the trees. The
easement (page 9).	development cells are in eucalypt forest.
A minimum 100kl water supply in upstand	
or tank (page 9).	
Fire service access secured by a Section	The proponent does not show how access

L 70∆ notification (nage 10) Lean be secure	
	ed by a section 70A notice.
	vners Survival Manual is not
	nning new development.
upgraded to the Home Owners Survival The Building C	Code allows AS3959 to apply
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	government declares a
	ushfire prone area'
Residences will be safe havens because There is no pr	oposal to clear predominant
they will be 100m from boundaries or trees that now	v type the site's vegetation as
external extreme hazards, protected by 'A open fores	st' in the WAPC/FESA
hazard reduction strategies (page 11). guidelines and	d a hazard level of extreme .
A non-flammable building protection zone Table 2 in App	pendix 2 of the WAPC/FESA
(BPZ) 20m wide around every building as guidelines (p.3	27) is clear that Performance
required in the guidelines' Acceptable Criteria and A	cceptable Solutions are not
Solution A4.3 (page 11,13). used in areas	rated 'extreme'.
Minimum 20m Hazard Separation Zone The amendment	ent documents do not require
and minimum 20m Building Protection development	approval for the Permitted
Zone BPZ before development approval. Land Uses if t	the development complies
to separate buildings from extreme bush with the Spec	ial Provisions which do not
fire hazards (page 12,13).	ng Protection Zone, Hazard
The balance of the site, outside the BPZ Separation Zo	one or Bushland Zone.
and HSZ above, is an area called the These zones	and the ideas for fire
bushland zone BZ where the bushfire fuel mitigation in 6	3.4.4 BPZ cannot be enforced
lying on the ground will not exceed 8 if the rezoning	g is approved.
tonne/hectare (page 12,13). The requirem	ent in the WAPC/FESA
Residences will be protected because they guidelines(A4	1.3, p.42) for tree crowns to
fall under BAL 12.5 and radiation peaks at be 10m apart	and to have no dead
15kw/m ² at a height of 10metres which is material will n	not be satisfied in the balance
well above any building, and intervening of the site (pa	age 12).
trees provide radiation shielding and .	
reduce wind velocity (page 12).	
6.4.8 A diagram of the concept of the 3 This is a conc	ceptual diagram not a part of
zones, BPZ, HPZ and BZ is on page 13. the structural	
	and proposed buildings do
,	00m setback. There is nothing
100m setback exceeds requirement(p 14). in the amend	ment documents or the Fire
It is unlikely that patrons will be in any Management	Plan that indicates the forest
building in a severe event (page 14). will be modified	ed by clearing to remove the

There will be adequate safety and manoeuvrability for fire fighters (page 14). The development meets PBFP-2010 Performance Criterion P5 for construction to AS3959 -2009 BAL-19 (page 14).

Local government will be responsible for implementation of the FMP, requiring a fire hazard assessment as a condition of each building application, providing copies of the FMP to future property owners, providing copies of the Homeowners Bushfire Survival Manual (by FESA) to future property owners, providing advice from DEC "regarding the potential impact of their fire management practices on the amenity" to future owners. (page 15).

fire hazard rating of 'extreme'.

It is not reasonable to expect fire fighters to enter an area of extreme hazard.

The performance criteria are not applicable in extreme hazard areas.

The rezoning stage is when a fire hazard assessment should be done. Providing these documents to land owners is an onerous and cost incurring responsibility for Council to accept.

ATTACHMENT 10

October 11, 2010

Comments from the Community Emergency Services Manager On the Fire Management Plan for Lot 1423 Barrabup Road

Although this version of the Fire Management Plan is in plain language and easier to read there are still some problems with it, those being;

Page 4 – Objectives Point 3. 5;

The CESM has doubts as to whether the main residence at Lot 2 can be made into an adequately Safe Haven. At this stage the building is made from jarrah weather board and jarrah verandah posts. Additionally, there is no turnaround at the residence of Lot 2.

It is considered that a Safe Haven is one where there is 'a high degree of human survival', the first 20 metres cleared away from any Safe Haven with individual trees only every 10 metres with the crowns 10 metres apart, and then a further 80 metres at 8 tons per hectare, this does not currently appear to be the case at the proposed Lot 1 or Lot 2.

• 4.3 Internal Assessment of Whole Site

Discussion with FESA Bunbury and the Department of the Environment has determined that the site is predominantly considered Extreme.

• 6.1.1. Fire Suppression Response

This paragraph states that the Department of Environment (DEC) and Forest Products (FPC) has numbers of fire fighting appliances housed in the Nannup Townsite with a response time of 10-20 minutes.

These DEC and FPC vehicles may be in Nannup on some days but more often than not they are working elsewhere in the district. The CESM has checked this information with DEC and FPC and consequently, there are no guarantees that DEC or FPC will be available. Additionally, the North Nannup Brigade is a small Brigade with few volunteers and their response times can vary greatly according

to whether the volunteers are available or not, if they are not, it could take another Brigade much longer to reach the property.

6.1.2 Bushfire Alarm

This section states that there will be a bushfire alarm system but gives not detail of where, when and how it would work.

• 6.2.1 Access and Egress

Paragraph 2 In addition to the required two egress......

The river crossing from Lot 1423 cannot be included in the Fire Management Plan. To our knowledge, no permission or agreement (and it has not been demonstrated by the proponent) has been granted by the adjacent landowners for access or permission granted to cross the Unallocated Crown Land This point has been discussed previously with the proponents and was refuted.

• 6.2.5 Firebreak System

Paragraph 4

The river pool will not provide much in the way of protection during a wildfire as the river is not wide at that point. A wind would easily carry embers across.

6.6.3 Local Government Responsibilities

Point 2; Require a bushfire assessment.....; suitability of site should be assessed at rezoning stage, not after.

Point 3; Provide Copies of FMP to future owners; not a Local Government responsibility.

Point 4; Provide copies of Homeowners Bushfire Survival Manual to future owners; Not a Local Government responsibility.

Point 5; Provide advice from DEC; Not a Local Government responsibility.

I strongly recommend that no clearance should be given until the Fire Management Plan is complied with.

TERESE LEVICK-GODWIN

COMMUNITY EMERGENCY SERVICES MANAGER

AGENDA NUMBER: 10.3

SUBJECT: Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development Policy

LOCATION/ADDRESS: NAME OF APPLICANT: FILE REFERENCE:

AUTHOR: Bob O'Sullivan - Planner DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST:

DATE OF REPORT: 20 October 2010

BACKGROUND:

Council has a Local Planning Policy 017 Subdivisional Development Guidelines. Council decided at the August 2010 meeting to replace this policy with a new policy after receiving a recommendation from the consultant engineering firm Ascent Engineering (Mr Mark Goodlet) dated 12 July 2010 that the Shire formally adopt the "Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development" Edition 2, 2009 as its standard for subdivision works.

Council adopted the policy and advertised for submissions in September 2010.

The Department of Planning funded the preparation of the Subdivisional Development Guidelines and is now trialling the guidelines and waiting for a response from the Urban Development Institute Australia (verbal advice from Ms Marion Thompson at Department of Planning).

Mr. Goodlet states in his report supporting the Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2 that,

- it is a document suitable for adoption by local authorities for their subdivision standards.
- it is an update of the early version of this document that is currently in use by the Shire of Nannup,
- the Institution is encouraging its uniform use across Western Australia,
- it aligns with current State government policy on many subdivision engineering requirements such as water management and "Liveable Neighbourhoods".

To replace a Local Planning Policy under Council's Local Planning Scheme 3, the process is that Council adopts and advertises the draft policy, considers submissions, reviews the draft policy, resolves to finally adopt the policy, and places a newspaper notice that it has adopted the policy.

Council adopted the policy for the purpose of advertising in August 2010. No submissions were received and nothing has occurred to cause a review of the policy. Council may now adopt the policy.

COMMENT:

The Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2 is written in plain English and it claims to be suitable for developers, planners, engineers and contractors. The Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2 deals with topics that are vital to this Shire including bond agreement, inspection of subdivision works, clearance by Council of a stage in a subdivision, liability for defects, detail in the construction of a subdivision, and the management of water/drainage.

The author of the Guidelines, the Institute of Public Works Engineering Australia (WA Division), says on its website the guidelines are intended to underlie and support subdivision conditions applied by the Western Australian Planning Commission and will be reviewed by mid-2010 and then biennially.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT:

Planning and Development Act 2005, Local Government Act 1995 and Local Government (Functions & General) Regulations 1996.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS:

To adopt the Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2, Council must also revoke the existing Local Planning Policy 017 Subdivisional Development Guidelines.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council resolve to adopt the <u>Local Planning Policy 017 Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development</u> which adopts the text in the publication <u>Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2</u> by the Institution of Public Works Engineering Australia (WA Division Inc.) as amended from time to time.

8473 DEAN/BOULTER

That Council resolve to adopt the <u>Local Planning Policy 017 Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development</u> which adopts the text in the publication *Local Government Guidelines for Subdivisional Development 2009 - Edition 2* by the Institution of Public Works Engineering Australia (WA Division Inc.) as amended from time to time.

CARRIED 7/0

AGENDA NUMBER: 10.4

SUBJECT: Illegal Dam Encroachment on Road Reserve

LOCATION/ADDRESS: Donnelly Lakes - Location 4497 Storry Road

NAME OF APPLICANT: Department of Local Government

FILE REFERENCE: A472, A467 AUTHOR: Bob O'Sullivan - Planner DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST:

DATE OF REPORT: 20 October 2010

Attachments:

1. Locality Plan.

- 2. Aerial Photo Lot 4497, Lot 6982, Storry Road, Ethel Road.
- 3. Plan of Survey of Location 6982 in 1912.
- 4. Letter from Norths' dated 3/1/1991.
- 5. Council Minutes 24/1/1991.
- 6. Letter from B. Baxter received 9/9/1994.
- 7. Letter from E. Chugg received 13/3/2001.
- 8. Plan of Resurvey of south boundary of Lot 4497.
- 9. Last page of building application for shed in 1985.
- 10. Submission by Mr John Gaunt 12 September 2010.
- 11. Photograph Front of Building Location 6982.

BACKGROUND:

Mr John Gaunt and Ms Elisabeth Tilly are the owners of Location 4497 on Deposited Plan 136283 which was purchased in October 2007. The property is known as Donnelly Lakes. Mr. Gaunt, in a letter dated 12 September 2010 to Council, presented proposals to overcome a problem in which part of his dam is located on an unconstructed public road (Ethel Road) which is the only legal access to adjoining property Location 6982. His proposals are summarised here:

- 1. Survey a new public road through DEC land (State Forest F36) around the existing access to the adjoining Location 6982 starting from where the existing access leaves Ethel Road.
- Close Ethel Road where there is water from a dam on his land Location 4497 in order for Mr Gaunt to acquire the closed road land and add to his title.
- 3. Fence the main lake to form a land buffer around the southern side of the lake for approximately 5-10 metres from high water mark.
- 4. Investigate the structures on adjoining Location 6982 for non-compliance with Council's planning scheme.

Mr Gaunt also raises issues regarding the behaviour of neighbours and strangers which cannot be remedied by Council. The approach in this report is to comment on points raised by Mr Gaunt, search the files for both properties and identify the facts, issues and options for Council to consider appropriate action.

1. COMMENT ON POINTS RAISED BY MR GAUNT

Mr. Gaunt's point in paragraph 3 "The road reserve, as shown on Landgate files for the southern border, is no longer valid" is not correct because the road adjoining the southern boundary of Location 4497 remains an unmade public road and is named "Ethel Road" on mapping by Landgate. The layout of the lands and roads is on Attachments 1 - 3.

Mr. Gaunt's point "The road that services the adjoining property on the south boundary has been diverted as shown to provide access to their property" is not correct as the "diverted road", on aerial photography in 2007 is a DEC track which after leaving Ethel Road is in State Forest F36 and is not on a public road.

Landgate mapping shows the track provides access to a building in the north east corner of Location 6982 on Plan 81882 (Council ref A467) which adjoins Location 4497 owned by Mr Gaunt. Location 6982 is owned by B & M North, M Baxter and R & T Chugg.

The only legal access to Location 6982 is Ethel Road which has a significant encroachment of water from a dam established on Location 4497. On Attachment 2, Ethel Road extends to the east, then turns north crossing a broad drainage path to link, through State Forest F36, to Storry Road (40m wide) which then links in a north east direction to Vasse Highway.

Aerial photography in 2007 (Attachment 2) and a plan of survey (Attachment 8) shows the south side of the dam across Ethel Road. The dam is on a broad drainage path through the south east corner of Location 4497 that drains to the west to the Donnelly River.

2. FILE SEARCH A472

29 April 1987, Road No 17667 (Storry Road) was declared 40 metres wide between the east boundary of Location 6982 and Vasse Highway. It appears that a person with an interest in the land, Mr A Dunn proposed, in a letter Council received on 27 December 1990, a dam of 20-30 acres on a small side stream to the Donnelly River as part of a "tourist chalet development".

Mr & Mrs North, the owners of Location 6982 which adjoins Location 4497 on its south boundary, wrote to Council on 3 January 1991 opposing a proposal by a Mr Crow (understood to be the owner at the time of Location 4497) to build a dam on his property because the dam "will be on our boundary and will interfere with access to our block", and "the water from the dam will come within 3 metres of our boundary", "We oppose this dam until such time the shire provides an all weather access to our block". A copy of this letter is Attachment 4. A letter from Mr Dunn to Council on 14 January 1991 refers to his intention "build a dam".

The Council minutes for Item 9 Tourism Accommodation Storry Road on 24 January 1991are per Attachment 4. Item 9 is an approval with conditions for Tourist Chalet Development, with no reference to a dam.

A letter to Council from Mr Dunn dated 29 April 1991, when the owners were W&E Crow, refers on page 2 to "in the preparation of the four chalet sites was that in cutting into hillside overlooking the new lake", and on page 3 refers to "Mr. Crow the current owner". This indicates that Mr Dunn was involved in development on Location 4497 before it was sold to him. The dam was therefore probably built after 14 January 1991 and before 29 April 1991.

A report to Council's meeting on 24 October 1991 discussed a concept plan for Location 4497 which it described as a major development that included "the proposed creation of lakes and islands in the north of the site". An undated and unidentified sketch, not to scale, shows 4 lakes on the south side of Location 4497 with 'Lake 1' hard against the south boundary. In a letter to Council dated 25 September 1991 an application was made for the rezoning of Location 4497 from Rural to Special Use for development which included "lakes, dams and spillways" and made reference to a drawing A002. Drawing A002 had not been located.

Council advised Mr Dunn that at its meeting on 24 October 1991 approved in principle was given for a preliminary concept plan for the development of Location 4497 subject to suitable amendment documents being prepared. Council issued a building permit for 2 chalets on 28 October 1991.

The proposed Amendment 9 of TPS 1, with a report and a Concept Plan, was adopted by Council on 23 January 1992. The report refers to drainage on page 3, paragraph 1.2.3: "Drainage of the site is essentially towards the Donnelly River although some water makes its way into the creek which runs close to the southern boundary of the site. A series of dams and spillways has been constructed along this creek" and in paragraph 1.3 refers to "the artificial lake near the southern boundary of the site".

There is no acknowledgement that the lake extends over the southern boundary.

The concept plan shows a 'Lake 1' abutting the south boundary of Location 4497 over a distance of about 150 metres with no indication of how far the lake extended south of Location 4497 onto the public road. Neither the public road now named Ethel Road nor Location 6982, both on the south side of Location 4497, are shown on the concept plan or mentioned in the text of the report.

In response to the proposed amendment 9 to the TPS No 1, the EPA said in a letter received by Council on 11 May 1992 that a management plan should be prepared for the lakes and wetlands on the site. There is no record of a management plan. The response from the Water Authority was that "a licence must be obtained to divert or pump water from the Donnelly River". This did not

come into play as the lake in question is not "taking" from the river, it is on a creek line above it.

In the advertising of proposed Amendment 9, Council issued a notice on 28 July 1992 to the owners of adjoining Location 6982, B & M North, of the proposed rezoning and the land uses in the proposed development which did not refer to a dam or lake.

It also appears that the applicant for Location 4497, Mr Dunn had some compliant regarding what he wanted to develop on his property and the Council approval process. Mr Dunn made a complaint to the Ombudsman. On 14 October 1993 the Ombudsman issued a 29 page draft report of findings for a complaint by Mr Dunn.

- The Ombudsman's background statement, on page 2 in paragraph 3, includes "He initially built four chalets; constructed a dam and spillway; created 3 lakes".
- Para 4 has "Council granted planning approval for a tourist accommodation development".
- Paragraphs 11 & 12 refer to a letter faxed to Council advising intention to "build a dam to create a waterfowl environment".
- Paragraph 13 states "on 24 January 1991 Council resolved to conditionally approve the development."
- Paragraph 16 says "In February 1991 the complainant commenced development of the dam, lakes and other infrastructure works referred to earlier."
- Paragraph 17 "On 16 March 1991 Council issued a building licence for five identical chalets to be built on 'Lake 1', four of which were constructed."
- Paragraph 31 Council's planner advised a scheme amendment was necessary.
- Paragraph 34 "Council approved in principle the concept plan" and "requested that rezoning documents be prepared".
- Paragraph 42 "The scheme amendment is still proceeding but has not as yet been effected".

The Ombudsman's completed findings were issued on 9 November 1993.

The Department of Planning and Urban Development notified by letter dated 17 March 1994 that it refused to approve the proposed Amendment 9 of TPS 1.

Council decided at the December 2003 meeting to initiate an amendment (31) to TPS 1 to rezone Location 4497 from Rural to Special Use. The minutes of this meeting do not include a reference to a lake or dam.

At Council's meeting held in August 2004 Council adopted the scheme amendment.

Again the minutes do not include a reference to a lake or dam (see Attachment 5). The report dated March 2006 for the amendment No. 31 of Town Planning Scheme 1 has a Development Guide Plan that shows the lake abutting the south boundary of Location 4497 over about 260 metres but does not show the lake extends south of this boundary. The report does not refer to the lake extending over the southern boundary of Location 4497. The WAPC advised on 2 November 2006 that final approval was given for amendment 31.

3. FILE SEARCH A467 and B467

The building file B467 has an application for a shed in 1985. The last page (copy in Attachment 9) explains the shed will be in the north east corner of Location 6982 because it is the only part of the landt that is not affected by flooding.

Council received a letter on 9 September 1994 from Mr Peter Baxter complaining that the public road access to Location 6982 is under many feet of water. (Copy of letter in Attachment 6). Additionally a letter from E Chugg to Council, received on 13 March 2001 asked for work to be done on the track to their land (6982) to improve it enough to give ground clearance for a car. (Copy of letter in Attachment 7)

4. INSPECTIONS SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2010

Following receipt of Mr Gaunt's letter 12 September 2010 an initial inspection was undertaken by the Chief Executive Officer with Mr Gaunt on 17 September 2010. It was apparent from this inspection that there were a number of complex planning matters that needed to be addressed and that it would take some time to get to the bottom of the issues.

A further site inspection was undertaken on 12 October with Council's Planning Staff Ms Rehanna Arthur and the author of this report, again undertaken in conjunction with Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly. Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilley walked us across the dam wall to the southern boundary of their property Location 4497and the north east corner of Location 6982 which belongs to M North and others. At this corner there is a new survey peg and a round fence post from which there is:

- a fence to the east for about 10 metres to the edge of the dam water,
- · another fence to the south for about 30 metres and
- a fence to the west for about 10 metres on level ground to where the ground falls steeply about 8 metres vertically to a drainage line and very wet ground which appeared to be level for about 100 metres west to a small clearing.

Photos were taken here. We walked south on a track that goes slightly uphill to a flat ridge and then east along the track which is on the highest ground, then walked north (downhill) towards the dam to a fence on the south boundary of Location 4497, then walked west along that fence to the edge of the dam.

On returning to the north-east corner of Location 4497 I looked closer at the dam wall and the topography of high ground across the dam to the north and the high ground with the track to the south, and the natural ground at the western base of the dam wall about 20 metres to the east and about 8 metres below the dam wall. Mr. Gaunt remarked there had been a structure on the low ground to the west. There appears to be a plausible explanation for the development of the dam wall and the house at the north-east corner of Location 4497 as follows:

- 1. Part of the land in Location 6982 was described on a plan of a survey in 1912 (Attachment 3) as "First class potato & pasture land" on the north side of a line on the plan that is roughly parallel to, and north of, the present vehicle track. The line on the plan possibly represents the southern edge of the low ground surrounding the drainage line that is now under the dam. The land at the north-east corner of Location 6982 would have been metres lower than it is now.
- 2. Mr Dunn proposed, in a letter Council received on 27 December 1990, a dam of 20-30 acres on a small side stream to the Donnelly River as part of a "tourist chalet development".
- 3. A letter from Norths' dated 3 January 1991 (Attachment 4) notified Council that a Mr Crow, the then owner of Location 4497, "would like to build a dam on our boundary" and "the water from the dam will come within 3 metres of our boundary".
- 4. Mr Gaunt, who bought Location 4497 in 2007, said the dam wall was built with ground material excavated from the 3 lakes in the north of Location 4497.
- 5. The dam wall was constructed after 3 January 1991 and possibly before 29 April 1991.
- 6. The dam wall was laid, in the shape of 2 straight lines at right angle, from the high ground on Location 4497 where the chalets are now and the next high ground which is the north-east corner of Location 6982 (Attachment 9). The L-shaped dam wall can be seen from the L-shaped downstream edge of the water on Attachment 2.
- 7. The southern half of the southern arm of the dam wall was laid in a southeast direction towards the north-east corner of Location 6982.
- 8. The Norths' building was built in the north-east corner of Location 6982 on a small area of high ground which adjoins, or is part of, the southern part of the dam wall.
- 9. The small area of ground in Location 6982 on which the Norths' building stands, is at the same height as the dam wall and about 8 metres higher

than the natural surface about 20 metres west at the base of the dam wall. At the base of the dam wall to the west of the house, there is a drainage line with water. Past that to the west, the ground is very wet and not amenable for walking.

10. Whether the small area of high ground in the north-east corner of Location 6982 existed as natural ground before the dam was built or was created as part of the dam wall is unknown.

5. FACTS

Access to Location 6982:

Vehicle access to Location 6982 is from Vasse Highway by public road on Storry Road (gravel formed), then on Ethel Road (public road, unformed sand track), an informal unformed sand track through State Forest F36 to the most western part of Ethel Road (public road, unformed sand track) which gives access to the eastern boundary of Location 6982 at the building.

Dam:

The dam wall is on Location 4497, owned by Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly, and in part on:

- Location 6982 owned by B & M North, M Baxter and R & T Chugg, and
- Ethel Road which is a public unformed road.

The dam water is in three land parcels: Location 4497, Ethel Road and State Forest F36. Mr Towie, surveyor, gave verbal advice on 15 October 2010 that the top of the bank of the dam is 9 metres from the peg at the north-east corner of Location 6982 and that the edge of the water is about 1 metre further (to the east).

House:

The building is set back 1.67 to 2.1 metres from the boundary with Ethel Road as shown on the plan by Surveyor J Towie in Attachment 8 and per the photograph Attachment 11. This setback is to the vertical structure of the building with the verandah extension located on the Ethel Road reserve boundary. This is clearly evident from the photograph which includes the red survey peg. In the inspection on 12 October 2010, the edge of a water tank was about one metre from the fenced northern boundary of Location 6982. The building is to the south of the water tank, indicating the building is at least 2 metres from the northern boundary of Location 6982.

Records - Dam/Dam Wall:

No record was found on the files for Location 4497 or Location 6982, or in Council minutes, of an approval for, or official recognition of, the construction of the dam wall.

The rezoning of the land to Special Use in Amendment 31 of Town Planning Scheme No. 1 has a Development Guide Plan, adopted by Council on 26 August 2004, that shows the lake in Location 4497 but the plan does not show the dam wall, adjoining Location 6892, the part of the lake in Ethel Road, or Ethel Road itself.

The planning report, dated March 2006, accompanying the amendment has, in section 4.1, a description of past development on Location 4497 which does not refer to the dam. There is a silence in that amendment report and in Council records about the impact of the dam on Location 6982 and Ethel Road except for complaints by the owners of Location 6982.

Structure on Location 6982:

There is no record on file for a house/dwelling on Location 6982 but there is an approval (Attachment 9, 1985) for a shed at the north-east corner of the property. The present use of the structure appears to be greater than a shed.

6. TOWN PLANNING SCHEME # 1.

Town Planning Scheme (TPS) No.1 began on 16 September 1983, which is 7 years before the dam was likely built, and it operated until 14 December 2007 when LPS 3 was gazetted. In TPS 1, Location 4497 and Location 6982 were in the Rural Zone. Approval was required by clause 6.1 in TPS 1 for any development except a single house. 'Development' was defined in clause 1.5 to include 'the erection, construction, alteration or carrying out of any building, excavation or other works on any land'.

Building on Location 6982. In the Rural Zone a single house was permitted. The Development Table (cl.5.3) did not apply to residential development. The Development Table required a shed to be setback 20 metres from the road. Council had a discretion (cl.5.3.2) to vary the setback for a shed when it issued the building permit in 1985. It is unknown, but likely that Council at that time would have approved the building in the structure's present position because to increase the setback to 6 metres or 20 metres would place the building on the side of a steep slope or on the floodplain of the Donnelly River. During the recent

inspection the area was observed to be wet ground and the inspection was during a dry period.

To require a greater setback, Council would consider:

- Clause 5.8 (floodplain) of TPS 1,
- By law 3 of the Town Planning and Development By-laws which does not allow dwellings on unsuitable and unhygienic ground, and
- access to Ethel Road which is the only public road connected to Location 6982.

The conclusion here is that the structure, whether a house or shed, likely complied with Town Planning Scheme No 1 and is lawfully established for planning purposes. Its use may have changed if being used for temporary accommodation and such building/health issues would need to be investigated.

Dam on Location 4497. No record was found of an approval by Council or other authority for the construction of the dam on Location 4497 or its encroachment onto Ethel Road. The encroachment of the dam onto Ethel Road appears to have been avoided in planning applications to Council and Amendment 31 of TPS 1. Amendment 31 of TPS 1 has an accompanying report that does not refer to any part of the lake extending south onto Ethel Road. The Development Guide Plan shows the lake abutting the south boundary of Location 4497 for about 250 metres, with no part of the lake south of this boundary. The plan does not show Location 6982 or Ethel Road to the south of this boundary. The Development Guide Plan has the caption that it "provides a framework for future development. Actual development that may vary from the development Guide plan requires approval from the Western Australian Planning Commission. Adopted by Council at its meeting on 26 August 2004." The WAPC advised on 2 November 2006 that final approval was given for Amendment 31.

Both Council and the WAPC adopted the Development Guide Plan which became a part of TPS 1 and is now part of the Local Planning Scheme 3 (LPS3) being listed as SU10 in Schedule 4. Clause 4.7 of LPS 3 says "A person shall not use any land or any structure or buildings on land, in a Special Use Zone except for the purpose set out against that land in Schedule 4". A lake, dam or water body or anything similar is not set against Location 4497 in Schedule 4.

Consequently there is no explicit approval for a lake, dam or water body on Location 4497 and there are no conditions set out for such use. However, perhaps inconsistent with that conclusion there is, on the Development Guide Plan, the notation "Vehicle access to Lake" and the symbol for "Water bodies".

The Local Planning Scheme in clause 11.4 and section 214 of the Local Government Act make it an offence to continue to use any land unless all approvals required by the scheme have been granted and issued. A contravention of a local planning scheme is an offence (s.218 of the Planning and Development Act).

Once the contravention is recognized in Council there may be time limits in which to issue notices or other action to ensure the use of Location 4497 is complying with LPS 3. There is no implied approval for part of the dam to be on Ethel Road.

7. CONCLUSION

- While the building at the north east corner of Location 6982 appears to be lawfully established development (as a shed) for planning purposes, further investigation into its current use and setback issues is required.
- There is no record of an approval for the development of or extension of the dam water from Location 4497 to Ethel Road.

8. OPTIONS

Council is given remedies in the Local Planning Scheme, the Planning & Development Act and the Local Government Act and regulations where development is not approved or is the cause of damage on roads. There is a question whether the dam on Lot 4497 is approved development.

There are 3 options to respond to Mr Gaunt's submission being to agree to his request, to ask for alterations to the dam, and to enforce the provisions in the Local Government Act.

The options avoid an adverse effect on access to or use of Location 6982 (North and others). These owners complained (Attachments 4, 6 and 7) when the dam affected their access on Ethel Road and may claim compensation for a loss of existing rights attached to their land if their rights are further affected.

Option 1, Mr Gaunt's Request:

To accede to Mr. Gaunt's request, Council could consent to a legal agreement to:

- Close the part of Ethel Road (Part A) that is within the line marked "edge of lake" on the plan of the survey by JH Towie in Attachment 8. Part A is roughly a triangle with a base of 150 metres and height of 40 metres which has an area of 3,000 square metres. On Attachment 8, Storry Road became Ethel Road on 15 August 2006.
- Close the part of Ethel Road (Part B) that is between Part A and the eastern boundary of Location 6982. The plan Attachment 8 does not show the distance on the south boundary of Location 4497 from the north east corner of Location 6982 to the "edge of lake" but Mr. Towie said by phone on 15 October 2010 that the distance is 9 metres to the top of the bank of the dam wall ("edge of lake") and a further 1 metre east to the

edge of the water. Part B is a rectangle with depth 40 metres and unequal sides of 9 metres and 36 metres which has an area of 900 square metres.

- Amalgamate Part A with Location 4497 and amalgamate Part B with Location 6982, and
- Dedicate by survey a new public road 20 metres wide to include the part of the existing sand track access to Location 6982 that is not within Ethel Road. The new public road should join the south boundary of Part B on the highest ground on the south boundary of Part B as shown on Attachment 8, to avoid the lower steep slope near the east boundary of Location 6982.

Option 2, Require Alterations to the Dam:

The owners could remove the water from Ethel Road by reducing the level of the dam spillway or by constructing a new dam wall on Location 4497 parallel to the southern boundary of the property, subject to written approval from Council.

Council advise the owners Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly that the Special Uses approved for Location 4497 do not include the extension of their dam to Ethel Road.

They are required to apply to Council for approval to construct a dam wall on Location 4497 parallel to the southern boundary of the property to prevent the encroachment of water from their dam on Ethel Road, and if approval is given construct the dam wall.

Alternatively they could reduce the level of the water in their dam so water cannot pass to Ethel Road.

Option 3, Enforce Regulations under the Local Government Act 1995:

The powers under the Local Government Act are:

- Regulation 5 of the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions)
 Regulations prohibits interference with the soil on local government land.
 The owners of Location 4497 interfere with the soil on Ethel Road by
 flooding it with water from the dam on Location 4497.
- Regulation 19 of the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions)
 Regulations makes an offence to, without lawful authority, alter, obstruct or
 interfere with the natural flow of surface water to damage any thoroughfare
 that is local government property. There is no record of a lawful authority
 to alter the natural flow of surface water on Location 4497 to damage Ethel
 Road.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT:

Local Government Act 1995. Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations. Shire of Nannup Town Planning Scheme # 1. Local Planning Scheme # 3. Planning and Development Act 2005.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that it is prepared to consent to the alterations to the Ethel Road survey alignment by:
 - Closing the part of Ethel Road (Part A) that is within the line marked "edge of lake" on the plan of the survey by JH Towie submitted as Attachment 8, Council meeting agenda 28 October 2010.
 - Close the part of Ethel Road (Part B) that is between Part A and the eastern boundary of Location 6982.
 - Amalgamate Part A with Location 4497 and amalgamate Part B with Location 6982, and
 - Dedicate by survey a new public road 20 metres wide to include the part of the existing sand track access to Location 6982 that is not within Ethel Road. The new public road to join the south boundary of Part B on the highest ground on the south boundary of Part B as shown on Attachment 8, Council meeting agenda 28 October 2010, which is to avoid the lower steep slope near the east boundary of Location 6982.
- 2. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that it will not bear any costs associated with the above alterations which have been specifically requested by Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly to correct the fact that a major water body has been constructed without approval within the Ethel Road reserve.
- 3. If Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly do not agree to Recommendations 1 and 2 within a month from the date of the Council decision then Council invite

them to implement Option 2 and if they do not agree to implement Option 2 then Council commence action in Option 3.

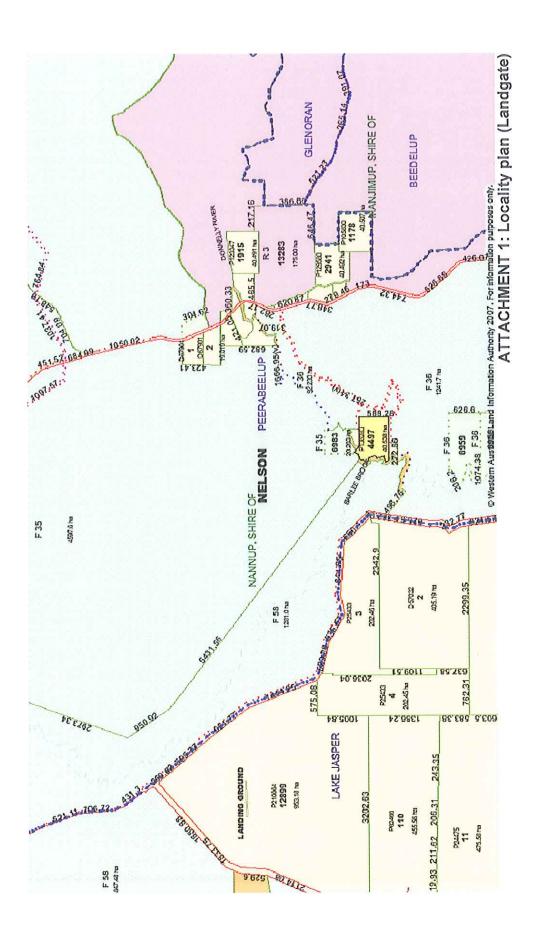
- 4. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that Planning Approval will be required to formalise the lake which currently encroaches onto Ethel Road, whether or not recommendations 1 or 2 above are followed through with by Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly.
- 5. That further investigation be undertaken in respect of the building located on Location 6982 with a view to ensuring compliance with the relevant health/building/planning legislation recognizing its current use and setback requirements.

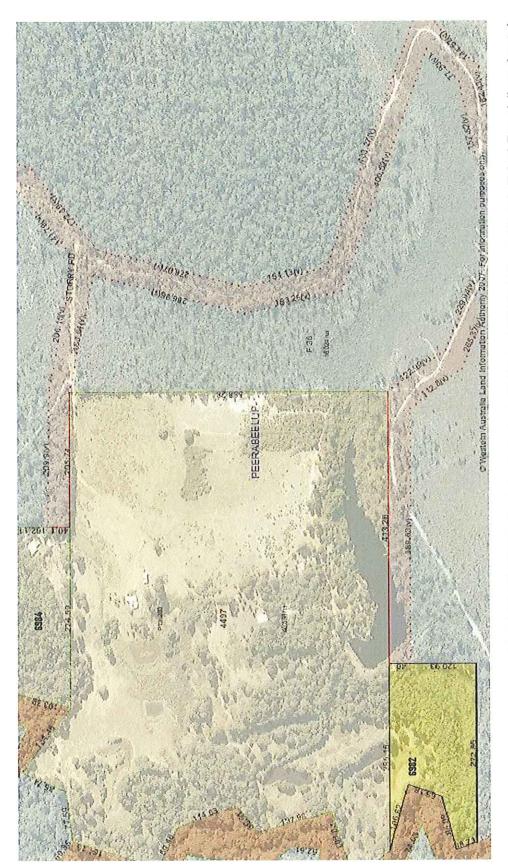
8474 BOULTER/CAMARRI

- 1. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that it is prepared to consent to the alterations to the Ethel Road survey alignment by:
 - Closing the part of Ethel Road (Part A) that is within the line marked "edge of lake" on the plan of the survey by JH Towie submitted as Attachment 8, Council meeting agenda 28 October 2010.
 - Close the part of Ethel Road (Part B) that is between Part A and the eastern boundary of Location 6982.
 - Amalgamate Part A with Location 4497 and amalgamate Part B with Location 6982, and
 - Dedicate by survey a new public road 20 metres wide to include the part of the existing sand track access to Location 6982 that is not within Ethel Road. The new public road to join the south boundary of Part B on the highest ground on the south boundary of Part B as shown on Attachment 8, Council meeting agenda 28 October 2010, which is to avoid the lower steep slope near the east boundary of Location 6982.
- 2. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that it will not bear any costs associated with the above alterations which have been specifically requested by Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly to correct the fact that a major water body has been constructed without approval within the Ethel Road reserve.
- 3. If Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly do not agree to Recommendations 1 and 2 within a month from the date of the Council decision then Council invite them to implement Option 2 and if they do not agree to implement Option 2 then Council commence action in Option 3.

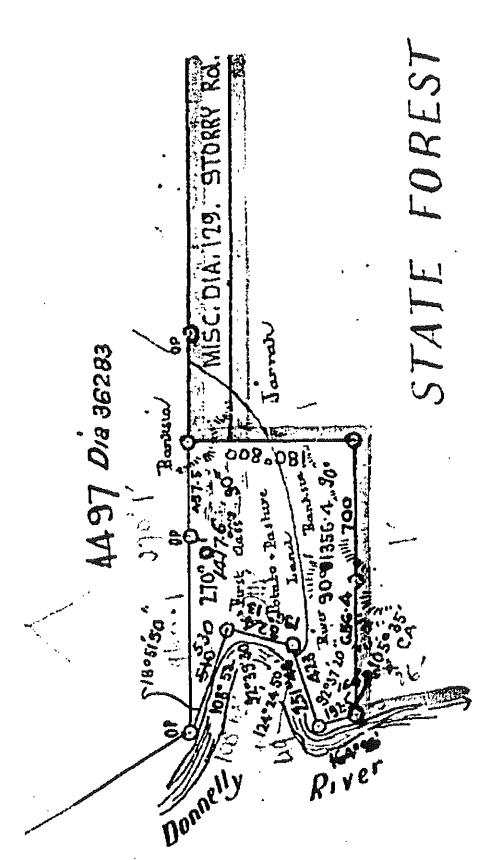
- 4. That Council advise Mr J Gaunt and Ms E Tilly that Planning Approval will be required to formalise the lake which currently encroaches onto Ethel Road, whether or not recommendations 1 or 2 above are followed through with by Mr Gaunt and Ms Tilly.
- 5. That further investigation be undertaken in respect of the building located on Location 6982 with a view to ensuring compliance with the relevant health/building/planning legislation recognizing its current use and setback requirements.

CARRIED 7/0





ATTACHMENT 2: Aerial photo Lot 4497, Lot 6982, Storry Road, Ethel Road (Landgate)



ATTACHMENT 3: Plan of Survey of Location 6982 in 1912

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RSM 2.68

6055 EXTON 6280

800 TANK 1991

Bear Six,

We have been ineformed that No build a dawn on his property. This dawn will be on our boundary a will interfere with arrow to our block. At the moment the only arreas we have in a track put in by ourselves throughs C. A. L. M. Stand. The water from the class will core within 3 metric of our boundary. We oppose this clam until outs time the Shirt provides are all weather arreas to our block, locations NELSON 6482.

your faithfully, In next.

- 6.. BURNINGS TREE FARMS
 Invitation from Mr K.J.Sanders Manager Bunning Tree Farms to address
 Council on matters such as initial planning, mapping, establishment,
 fire control measures, on-going management, community integration and
 future haulage routes. In addition the structure of our company and the
 types of schemes we are offering to the landowners could be other items
 for briefing.

 RESOLVED THAT THE SHIRE CLERK MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR MR J.ROBLEY
 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR BUSH FIRES BOARD TO ADDRESS COUNCIL ON THE
 IMPLICATIONS OF EUCALYPT PLANTATIONS IN THE AREA.
- Confirmation EAST NANNUP ROAD

 Confirmation by Bunnings Tree Farms of a C.A.L.M. Hutual Assistance

 Agreement for Fire Protection.

 RESOLVED THAT BUNNINGS TREE FARMS MANAGEMENT BE ADVISED THAT COUNCIL ARE
 NOW COMPLETELY SATISFIED WITH THE FIRE PROTECTION PLAN OUTLINED IN THEIR
 LETTER DATED 10.12.90 IN RESPECT OF LOCATION 10454.
- BURNINGS TREE FARMS BUSHFIRE RADIO NETWORK

 The Department of Communications requires that the sets in our fire units are to be added to the license of each Shire in which we intend to operate. To comply with this regulation, it would be appreciated if your Council could add Bunnings Treefarms' sets to your block license for bushfire radios. To cover the 3 radios already installed and allow for future purchase of radios for additional fire units, it would be appropriate to list 10 radio sets initially, provided of course this request meets with your approval.

 RESOLVED THAT APPROVAL BE GRANTED PROVIDED BUNNINGS MEET ANY ADMINISTRATION COSTS INVOLVED.
- 9.. TOURISH ACCOMMATION STORRY ROAD

 Confirmation from Dr. A.G.DUNN that he would be willing to contribute towards the upgrading of the access road over a period of time of progressive upgrading and would appreciate guidelines from Council.

 RESOLVED THAT DR.DUNN BE ADVISED AS FOLLOWS:

Council are prepared to approve proposed Tourist Chalet Development on location 4497 on the following conditions:

- (1) Upgrading the access read to 6 metro width by 150mm compacted gravel at their expense as contained in the Shire Clerk's letter dated 3.1.91. The whole of this work to be carried out as soon as possible and to the satisfaction of the Local Authority.
- (2) Council would accept payment for the work by installments of \$20,000.00 per annum.
- (3) A caveat to be lodged on the land to secure the payment mentioned in (2) above.
- (4) The developer to lodge the caveat in favour of the Shire of Nannup at his expense.

J. S. Buckeren

61 Norfolk St DUNSBOROUGH WA

8 Sept 1994

Nannup Shire Att; Jan Ashdown NANNUP WA 6275

Dear Ian,

Re; Location 6982 Storry Rd, Donnelly River.

Thank you for your assistance with regards to the above property. The block is registered in the name of Ross and Marion North, however it is a family block, hence my involvement.

The enclosed plan shows the gazetted Storry Rd access to 6982. From the corner of 4497 to within 10 metres of 6982, this section of road is now under many feet of water. We can only asume that permission was granted to the owners of 4497 by the Nannup Shire Council for the damming of the creek that flows from the State Forrest through the road reserve and locations 4497 and 6982. Since the dams construction several major problems have occured. The first is that our access to location 6982 is now blocked by approximately 15 acres of water. The only way to access the block is through State Forrestry. Secondly, leaching from the dam has now made the south castern portion of 6982 impassible for a vehicle, or foot traffic. Seepage has rendered this part of the block useless summer and winter. Our third concern is the diversion of the original croeks flow pattern where the overflow from the dam now runs. Our culvert over the original creek is continually washed out each time the level of the dam riscs.

It seems that all the cards were stacked against us when the decision was made to allow the dam to proceed. What was originally an ideal family destination for us has now become a physical and to some degree a financial burden. We would be morethan happy to meet with you or the council so as

to explain the situation more clearly. An inspection of the problem and the

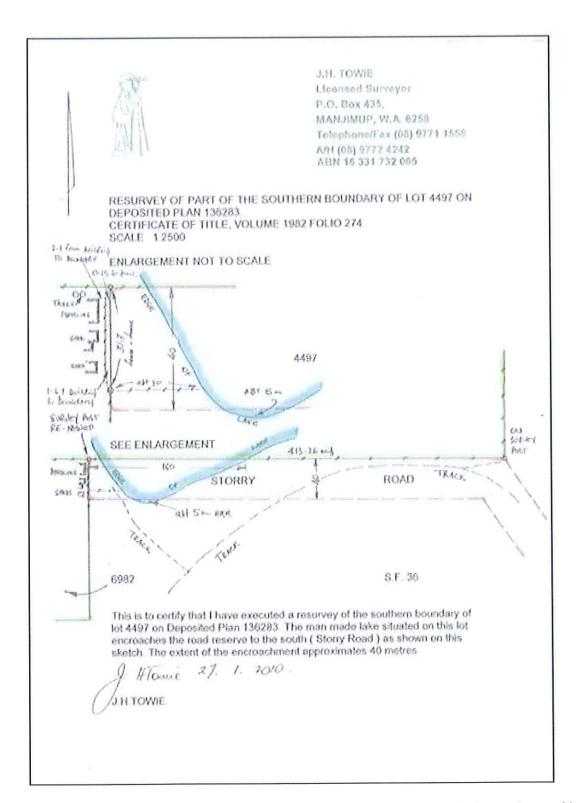
arranged.

RECEIVED Your assistance in this matter would be greatly appreciated. SEP 1994

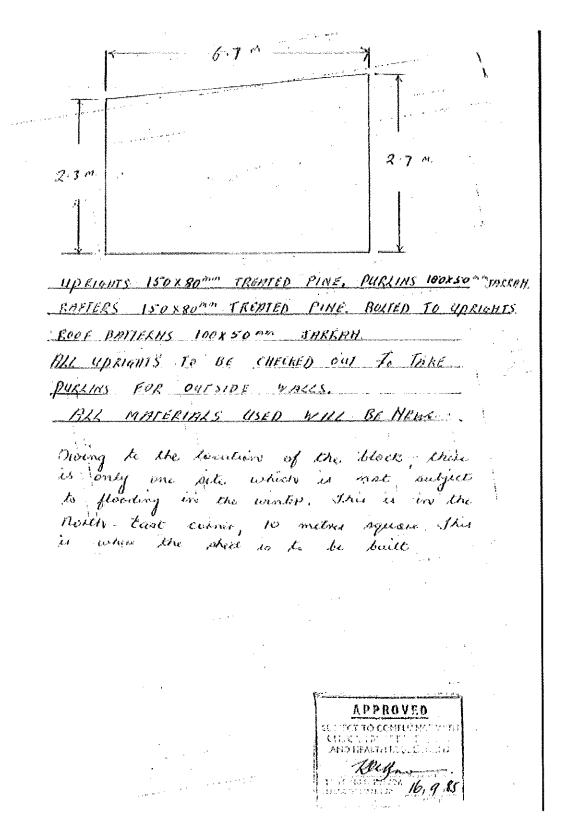
Yours sincerely,

ATTACHMENT 6: Letter from B. Baxter received 9/9/1994

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A Control	ATHERES
	97 521574 9/33 DAVIES WAY
The second state of the se	THE PARSIDENT, NAMNUP SHIRE EXCUNICIL, 15 ADAM RD. NARNUP. Too Too ACKNOW SEA 19/3 NEAD Air, NEAD Air, NEAD Air, NEAD AIR.
	Please note that on 10th April 2000 I wate asking if the shire would do some nepairs on the bases leaving into our piece of lana (6962) to improve it enough with a grade of a rouple of land loads of gravet so that there
	of the funity who don't france if wheat its was care get area of suplained that my car is a small one with not must clearance, thoughter not game to attempt that the is where your goes around past the Domicelly Spike blately.
	In my letter to you, I age asked if the fel concer be done before wenter sof me would you please reply to my letter. Elever months have passed a I have not receive
	a reply. I thought it was common country to the do. When you harp pretting the rates up, surely it is now to move to much to add for this job to be done.
	Jours Jackfally, b. Bharge
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Attachment 8: Plan of Resurvey of south boundary of Lot 4497
Note: Storry Road was renamed Ethel Road



ATTACHMENT 9: Last pa



Mr Shane Collie, Chief Executive Officer, Shire of Nannup 15 Adam St Nannup WA 6275

12th September, 2010.

Dear Sir,

I write to you in reference to our property Donnelly Lakes which shares a border with DEC and the proposal to adjust our boundary lines for the purpose of securing the integrity of our lake system and primarily our main lake currently located at Donnelly Lakes.

I recently wrote to Mr J Gillard from DEC-Donnelly District for help regarding this matter however as the portion of land is currently shown on Landgate as a road reserve under the control of the Nannup Shire he has advised that I contact you for advice and to action this request.

The road reserve, as shown on the Landgate files for the southern border, is no longer valid and was obviously drawn before the lake was established approx 20 years ago as that portion of road is now under water. The road that services the adjoining property on the south boundary has been diverted as shown to provide access to their property.

We currently share a boundary with DEC on our southern border as per the attached documents and the road reserve in question and there is a small section of our main lake that overlaps across our boundary into the DEC/road reserve - state forest.

Under advice, we recently commissioned Mr J Towie- Surveyor, for a formal survey of our boundaries which now highlights another problem currently experienced in our service delivery as a tourism providor and involving our neighbour on the southern boundary of our property. This is explained in the accompanying documents which demonstrates disregard for the building codes and building location with regard to construction, offsets and the appropriation of land owned by the shire.

Unfortunately our main lake which is stocked with trout by us and pivotal to our business is currently accessed through DEC/road reserve land and regularly fished and recreated upon by strangers and primarily neighbours. They demonstrate no respect for the amenity of the area by their actions and a total disregard for legal seasons as applied by WA fisheries for the protection of marron species whilst also ignoring seasonal fire bans for open burning of fires.

As a premier tourist resort style facility, we have been developing our lake system as a fly fishing destination with numerous international anglers now visiting us. To further develop this niche market, we have under consideration a plan to establish an aquaculture business on the property for breeding various trout species, primarily Rainbow and Brown. However to proceed with confidence, we will need to guarantee the integrity of our waterways from strangers by fencing the main lake to form a land buffer around the southern side of the lake for approx 5 – 10 metres from the high water mark to make it secure.

Donnelly Lakes has four lakes, the main lake in question and three adjoining smaller lakes which are located within our boundaries and overflow into the Donnelly River which forms our western border.

With this thought in mind I wish to enquire as to the feasibility of

- 1. Re-alingnment of the currently shown road reserve to reflect its current path and provide access to the neighbour's property to the meet the roadway currently evident within their property.
- 2. An adjustment of boundaries whereby some land from Donnelly Lakes is exchanged with DEC/Nannup Shire for the section of lake in question.
- 3. A forest lease from DEC/Nannup Shire which will give us management rights over that portion of land and lake in question.
- 4. Acquire from DEC/Nannup Shire the portion of land on our south boundary so that the entire section of lake will be enclosed within the Donnelly Lakes land title.

Further to the neighbor on our southern boundary, I would hope that this matter can be dealt with to ensure that the buildings on that site comply with documented planning approvals from Nannup Shire and are seen to comply with all the applicable construction codes and boundary offsets as determined by Nannup Shire. Likewise, those lands appropriated by them are returned to their natural state and intended purpose and all infrastructure be removed from that site to return it to natural bushland.

I have attached for your information a number of documents which will provide an overview of Donnelly Lakes, boundaries, problems encountered and Landgate extracts for the property locations including the WA Atlas overview.

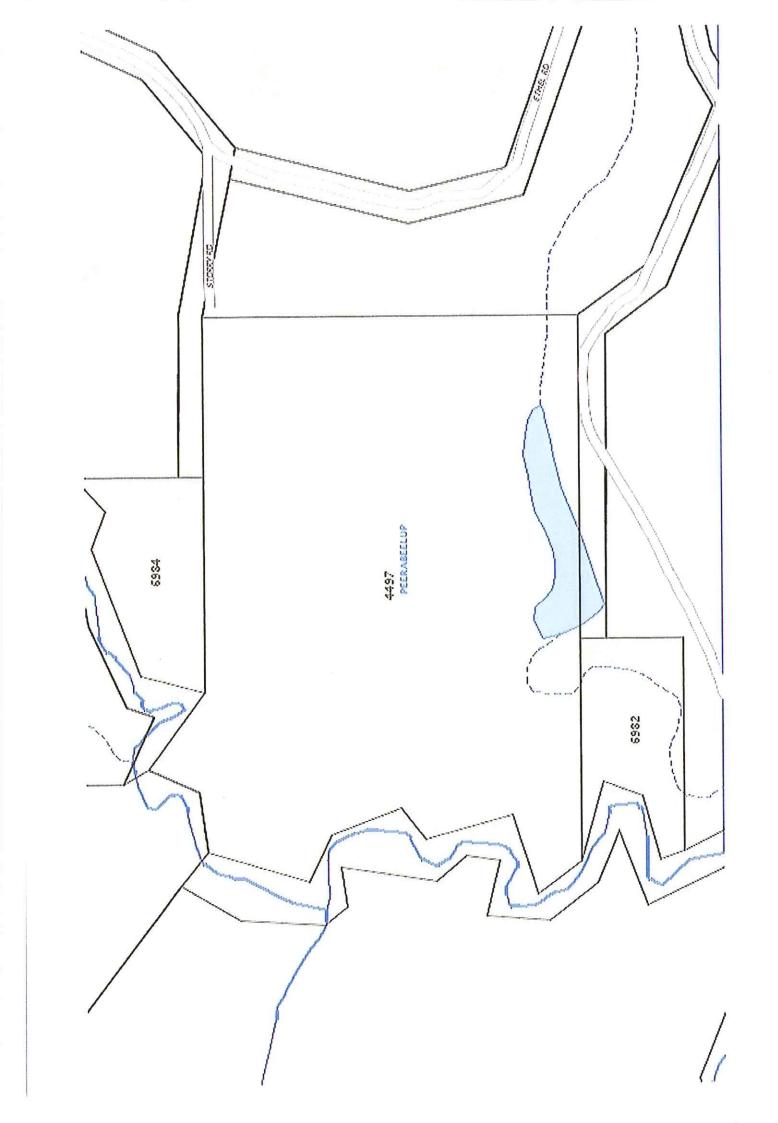
I keenly await your response.

Yours Sincerely

John Gaunt

Donnelly Lakes Chalets
PO Box 283 Pemberton WA 6260
Tel/Fax 08 9776 2005
http://www.donnellylakes.com.au

Email: timestops@donnellylakes.com.au





AGENDA NUMBER: 10.5

SUBJECT: Closure of Road Reserves on Deposited Plans 219196 & 153763

LOCATION/ADDRESS: East Nannup Road

NAME OF APPLICANT: FILE REFERENCE: ROA4

AUTHOR: Rehanna Arthur - Planning Administration Officer

DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST:

DATE OF REPORT: 19 October 2010

Attachments:

- 1. Letter from Department of Regional Development.
- 2. Deposited Plan 219196.
- 3. Aerial Photography of Proposed Road closure/dedication.

COMMENT:

The Department of Regional Development and Lands sent a letter dated 6 September 2010 regarding Road Closures along East Nannup Road. The closures are required to finalise the realignment of East Nannup Road and to transfer the closed roads to the adjacent landowners. The new road alignment has been surveyed and finalised some time ago. The letter requested action to the following matters:

- The closure and amalgamation of the roads shown coloured blue on the enclosed plan into freehold Lot 86 on Diagram 99143.
- The closure and amalgamation of the road shown coloured red into freehold Lot 85 on Plan 23898.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT: Planning and Development Act 2005

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council resolves to close the roads shown coloured blue on the enclosed copy of Deposited Plan 219196, and Deposited Plan 153763, and the road coloured red on Deposited Plan 219196.

8475 BOULTER/PINKERTON

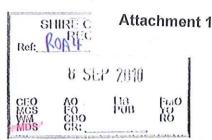
That Council resolves to close the roads shown coloured blue on the enclosed copy of Deposited Plan 219196, and Deposited Plan 153763, and the road coloured red on Deposited Plan 219196.

CARRIED 7/0



Government of Western Australia Department of Regional Development and Lands

Lands Division



Your ref:

Our ref: 01101-1994 (Job No 100663)

Enquiries: Cherylynne Forrest Telephone No: (08) 9791 0837 Facsimile No: (08) 9791 0835

E-mail: cherylynne.forrest@lands.rdl.wa.gov.au

6 September 2010

Chief Executive Officer Shire of Nannup Post Office Box 11 NANNUP WA 6275

ATTENTION: BOB O'SULLIVAN

Dear Mr O'Sullivan

PROPOSED CLOSURE AND DEDICATION OF PORTIONS OF EAST NANNUP ROAD, EAST NANNUP

I refer to my telephone conversation with Chris Wade on Friday, 3 September 2010 regarding this matter and I have resent this request to you for action, please.

The Department of Regional Development and Lands is currently considering:

- the closure and amalgamation of the roads shown coloured blue on the enclosed print into freehold Lot 86 on Diagram 99143;
- the closure and amalgamation of the road shown coloured red into freehold Lot 85 on Plan 23898; and
- " the dedication of the roads shown coloured brown.

To enable this action to proceed, it would be appreciated if Council could resolve to close the roads shown coloured blue on the enclosed copy of Deposited Plan 219196 and Deposited Plan 153763 and the road coloured red on Deposited Plan 219196, please. In this instance a resolution to dedicate the roads shown coloured brown is not required as this has previously been provided.

Should you have any enquiries regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Cherylynne Forrest on telephone number 9791 0837.

Yours faithfully

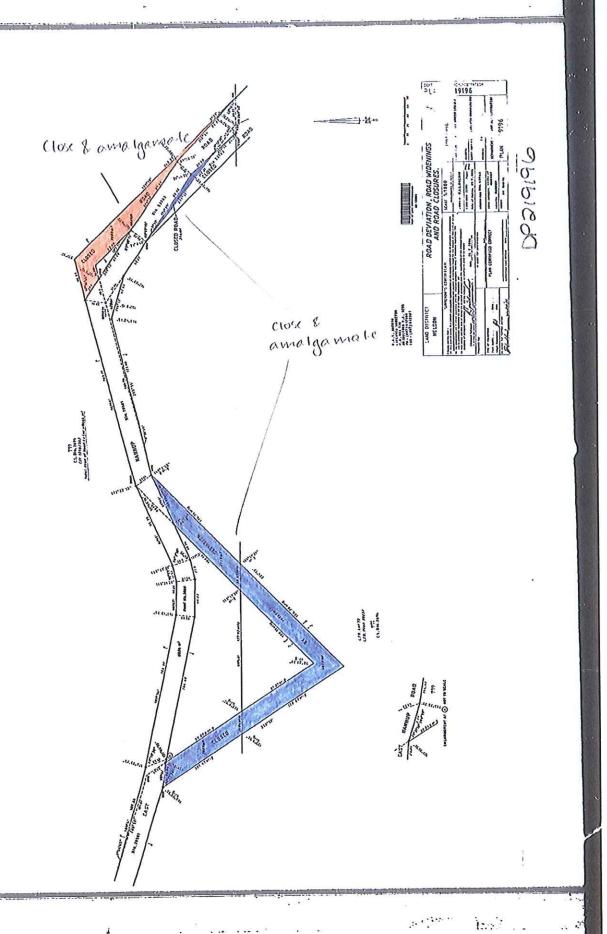
Garry Crow

A/Manager - South West

LANDS DIVISION

enclosure

100663CF07



Job No 100663 - Proposed Closure and Dedication of Portions East Nannup Road - Shire of Nannup

AGENDA NUMBER: 10.6

SUBJECT: Plant Replacement Policy

LOCATION/ADDRESS: NAME OF APPLICANT:

FILE REFERENCE: Policy Manual

AUTHOR: Chris Wade - Works Manager

DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST:

DATE OF REPORT: 12 October 2010

Attachment:

Plant Replacement Program Forecast Expenditure.

BACKGROUND:

Council's current practise when developing its annual budget for plant replacement is to seek estimates for the suggested plant changeovers and use those figures for a budget allocation. On years that more expensive plant is purchased Council has historically budgeted to draw on a plant loan to fund these purchases. Dependant on the financial status at the end of the year this has not always happened.

COMMENT:

A draft Plant Replacement Policy has been developed which will assist Council to purchase plant in the future without large reliance on loans once this policy has been in effect for a few years. The policy will allow for annual depreciation, income from private works and income from large non council construction works (Mowen Road for example) to be accumulated into Council Plant Reserve Fund.

The attached spread sheet highlights the financial impact to Council over the next 5 years in relation to the Plant Replacement Program. The net purchase totals only take into account a small private works income figure as this is an unknown quantity annually, it also does not take into account any income from any other source as Council has for its 2010/11 budget resolved to allocate the anticipated \$100,000 Mowen Road Supervision fee into general revenue. If that figure is exceeded the difference will be transferred also in the Plant Reserve Fund if the policy is adopted.

If Council requires funds to balance its budget it may be necessary to draw on the Plant Replacement reserve fund to balance its annual budget. This would be presented to Council as part of its budget development process.



Policy Number:	WKS.xxx		
Policy Type:	WORKS & SERVICES POLICY		
Policy Name:	Plant Replacement Policy		
Policy Owner:	Manager Works		
Authority:	Local Government Act 1995		

Objective:

- To meet the requirement for Local Government to set aside sufficient funds to replace plant and equipment in accordance with the Plant Replacement Schedule.
- To define income sources to fund future plant replacement.
- To ensure that all plant and equipment is fully funded from the Plant Replacement Reserve Fund each year without capital injection from Council's own resources.

Definitions:

'Plant' means Council's Construction and maintenance plant and equipment (including office support equipment) required to carry out road design, construction &, maintenance functions and the administration to support these activities.

'Plant Replacement Schedule' means the schedule developed to identify the most advantageous and cost effective time to replace plant and equipment that have accrued sufficient hours of operation or kilometres travelled to warrant their replacement at the least cost to Council in the year detailed within the schedule.

'Plant Depreciation' means the depreciation accumulated through the operation of plant and equipment during the period under review.

'Profit on Private Works' means the net income received from undertaking works with Council plant and equipment equal to the sum of any administration fee and profit percentage included in the total cost of the works undertaken.

Policy:

Funding:

In order for Council to fully fund all plant and equipment purchases from the Plant Reserve Fund (Plant Replacement Reserve Fund) the following amounts are to be transferred from the Municipal Fund to the Plant Reserve Fund each year:

- Total Plant Depreciation charged to works and services from plant operations during the year (amount to be transferred based on actual depreciation generated through works after last pay for financial year figure has been finalised);
- 2. Profit on Private Works generated during the year

Forward Projections:

All Plant and Equipment to be funded through the Plant Replacement Reserve Fund is to be listed in the Plant Replacement Schedule and each item of plant identified for replacement in any of the years contained in the Schedule is to have the Gross Replacement Value shown against the plant item in that year.

The value of any trade-in is to shown within the summary as a single line item below the Gross Value of all new plant and equipment to be replaced each year so that the NET Change-over Cost can be clearly identified.

A summary of the Plant Replacement Reserve Fund Position for each year of the Schedule is to follow, clearly identifying any instances where additional Council financial support may be required either through Loan borrowings or direct cash injection from the recurrent budget.

The Plant Reserve Fund carried forward balance should accumulate each year to ensure zero (or minimal) additional funds will be required to fund proposed plant replacements over the period covered.

Variations to the Schedule:

Council has the discretion to bring forward or defer the replacement of a plant item if the net impact over the years affected by such a variation will be cost neutral and not require supplementary financial support to achieve the desired result.

Variations may be as a result of:

1. The number of hours/kilometres not being sufficient at the time due for replacement to warrant replacement until the subsequent period;

- 2. The plant item recently underwent a major rebuild or maintenance program that extends its life without diminishing its realisable value during the additional extension.
- 3. A plant item may reach the hours/kilometres earlier than expected and the adjustment to the date of replacement will be cost neutral over the period of variations.

Related Procedures/
Documents Shire of Nannup Forward Plan 2010-11 to 2013-14

DELEGATION LEVEL CEO, CEO to Works Manager

Adopted:
Reviewed:

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT: Nil.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Creation of new policy WRK XXX

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:

Council adopt the proposed Plant Replacement Policy.

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Council adopt the proposed Plant Replacement Policy.

CARRIED 7/0

	PLANT	REPLACEMENT		PROGRAM 2010/11	Ç	2017/2018	60			
		DATE								
PLANT ITEM	NO	PURCHASED	COST	10/11	11/12	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	17/18
CAT 12H GRADER	P53	Oct-97	\$249,000	\$340,000						\$230,000
VOLVO G930 GRADER	P54	Nov-06	\$305,000					\$300,000	0	
VOLVO L70D LOADER	P451	Jan-09	\$175,563						2150,000	
CAT 432 BACKHOE	P554	Nov-05	\$145,000		774	\$120,000			\$45 000	
TOYOTA 4WD Auger	P221	Sep-04	\$25,622		\$14,000				413,000	
FORD COURIER Space Cab NP 3017	P211	Oct-06	\$30,000		\$14,000				000,61¢	
KUBOTA TRACTOR 9000E	P91	Dec-05	\$65,000		\$80,000					
SCANIA 14 T TIPPER NP3003	P146	Feb-10	\$206,000							
ISUZU 14 T TIPPER NP3004	P144	Jan-07	\$145,000			\$140,000				
SCANIA 14 T TIPPER NP3005	P147	Feb-10	\$206,000							
INTERIOR AND TIPDER ND3019	P115	Dec-07	\$95,369				\$60,000			
	P209	Dec-07	\$89,359				\$60,000			
	5000	SP-0-05	\$26,000		\$14,000				\$15,000	
TORD COORIER 4 > 4 Gardeners	080	באים באים	\$80.360				\$140,000			
TACIFIC KOLLER	200	00 C-C-00	\$34,000	\$35,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$13,000
NAVAKA	0863	NOV-OB	\$15,700		\$12,000				\$10,000	
	200	100 VON	\$134,000							
STEEL DRUM ROLLER	40 1	0-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	000,400		614.000				\$15,000	
FORD RANGER 4 X 4 Space Gardeners	P224	Sep-us	979,000		9					
PIG TRAILER	P200	Jan-Ub	000,044							
PIG TRAILER No2	P201	Feb-10	\$45,000							
Courier Dual Cab (Mowen)	P231	Sep-08	\$12,000							
Courier Dual cab (Mowen)	P230	Sep-08	\$12,000							
Free Roller		Sep-09	\$38,000	\$ 45,000					000	-
Mechanics ute Courier	P229	Oct-08	\$25,000						000,614	
Trailer				4,000						
				1,000						
Slacher				8,500						
Cidolici	₹0									000 0700
		Gross V	Gross Value all Plant	\$433,500	\$148,000	\$270,000			\$310,000 \$220,000	\$243,000
		Less: Trad	Less: Trade-In provision	-\$80,000	NOIE: P	Above rigures	10	1	000 000	6242 000
		Net Chan	Net Change-over cost	\$353,500	\$148,000	\$270,000	\$260,000	\$510,000	\$220,000	44-5,000
Plant Replacement Reserve Fund Summary:				0000	€04 343	¢51 224.	\$84.472	\$13.218	\$47.626	\$27,866
Balance carried forward 1st July			_	4468 698	6173 759	\$178.972	\$184.341	\$189,871	\$195,567	\$201,434
Plant Depreciation (increased by 3% pa from 10/11)			_	\$4.031	\$4.152	\$4.276	\$4,405	\$4,537	\$4,673	\$4,813
Profit on Private Works (increased by 3% pa from 10/11)	(11/01		_	\$200 000 E	C	\$120,000	•	\$150,000	9. 1	\$220,000
Loan Funds			_	\$00,000	0,00	80	\$0	80	\$0	\$0
Municipal Fund Cash Injection (Net Cost to Council)	ncii)		2	\$374.813	\$199,224	\$354,472	\$273,218	\$357,626	\$247,866	\$454,113
				-8353,500	-\$148,000	-\$270,000	-\$260,000	-\$310,000	-\$220,000	-\$243,000
Net change-over value plant purchases	-						SECTION CONTRACTOR	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Pocosa Errad Balance carried forward 30th June	o			\$21,313	\$51,224	\$84,472	\$13,218	\$47,626	\$27,866	\$211,113
Reserve ruild Daiging carried and a con-										

\\Svr-nannup\data\Finance & Rates\Budget & Costings\2010_11\Draft_Plant Replacement_Reserve_Detail2010-2022

AGENDA NUMBER: 10.7

SUBJECT: Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report May 2010

LOCATION/ADDRESS:

NAME OF APPLICANT: Department of Local Government

FILE REFERENCE: ADM 31

AUTHOR: Shane Collie - Chief Executive Officer

DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST: DATE OF REPORT: 8 October 2010

Attachments: 1. Recommendations – Local Government Reform

Steering Committee Report May 2010.

2. WALGA Position - Local Government Reform

Steering Committee Report May 2010.

BACKGROUND:

The above report commissioned by the Minister for Local Government was tabled in State parliament on 16 September 2010 and became publically available at that time. Council members have been circulated under separate cover the full report. The report contains 25 recommendations.

COMMENT:

While comment has not specifically been sought from local governments it is important that Council consider the recommendations in the report given the potential significant impacts on Council and the local government sector as a whole. The recommendations have hence been analysed and a draft position formed for Council's consideration. Any position recommended to be adopted by Council will be consistent with its prior stance on this issue.

The WALGA position on the recommendations in the report is also included for Council's information (Attachment 2). Whether Council wishes to pick up on the industry implications of recommendations 1 and 2 as WALGA have remains at Council's discretion. Neither recommendation directly impacts this Council.

Supported Recommendations:

6, 9, 17, 18, 21, 24, 25.

Recommendations Requiring No Comment:

1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23,

Recommendations for Comment:

Recommendation 3:

The comment being that even if the statements regarding poll provisions are relevant to recommendation 2, Council objects to any move to remove the poll provisions from the Local Government Act 1995.

The poll provisions in the Act are a safeguard against forced amalgamation instigated by the Minister or another local government authority.

Recommendation 4:

The WALGA position is agreed with in that giving responsibility for structural reform to a small panel is not a voluntary process.

Recommendation 19:

This recommendation if implemented on top of all of the other "plan" requirements currently required of local governments would see as a minimum councils developing the following plans:

- A Plan for the Future (This Council terms this its Forward Plan)
- A Forward Capital Works Plan (Required to access R4R funding)
- A Strategic Community Plan
- A Corporate Business Plan

One questions whether all of this is necessary on top of all of the "normal" documents that Council produces such as budgets, policy manuals and the like. While not denigrating the requirement for sound planning there needs to be a reasonable limit to prevent bureaucracy triumphing over common practicality.

As an example as Council is developing its Forward Capital Works Plan there is already duplication with some sections of the existing Forward Plan. Additionally the more plans required - generally the more funds expended on consultants.

Recommendation 20:

Similar to point 19 above, are these really needed? Additionally the introduction of Lead Performance Indicators introduces a "competitive" component to benchmarking local governments. The situation would arise where a Council such as Rockingham with a significant rate base and positive funding capacity would no doubt meet its lead performance Indicators, where as a Council with limited resources and a small rate base such as Nannup would most likely not. This does assume the indicators would be the same or similar.

Other Matters

It is understood that there is a meeting being held in Perth 20 October 2010 hosted by the Department of Local Government on this subject involving other shires from this area. This Council has not been invited to attend. It is understood that the meeting is to look at structural reform with councils that have expressed an interest in progressing structural reform.

Lastly there was a statement in the *Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report* May 2010 contained in the non page numbered table of Local Governments not participating in reform. The Department claims to have not received Council's correspondence on the matter.

A copy of Council's letter previously sent 29 January 2010 was hence forwarded on 8 October 2010 and a receipt of acknowledgement requested. The Department has acknowledged Council's position in the report (May 2010) so it is aware of Council's stance.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT: Nil.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS: Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council advise the Department of Local Government in respect of the recommendations contained within the *Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report May 2010* the following:

Supported Recommendations:

6, 9, 17, 18, 21, 24, 25.

Recommendations Requiring No Comment:

1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23,

Comment on Recommendations:

Recommendation 3:

That Council objects to any move to remove the poll provisions from the Local Government Act 1995.

Recommendation 4:

That Council objects to giving responsibility for structural reform to a small panel as it is not a voluntary process.

Recommendation 19:

Council questions the need to introduce a myriad of formal planning documents when the current requirements for Forward Planning appear adequate.

Recommendation 20:

Council questions the need to introduce "Lead Performance Indicators" unless they are appropriately scaled to meet the various specific circumstances of individual local governments.

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That Council advise the Department of Local Government in respect of the recommendations contained within the *Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report May 2010* the following:

Supported Recommendations:

6, 9, 17, 18, 24, 25.

Recommendations Requiring No Comment:

5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23,

Recommendations not supported

1, 2, 11 & 21

Comment on Recommendations:

Recommendation 3:

That Council objects to any move to remove the poll provisions from the Local Government Act 1995.

Recommendation 4:

That Council objects to giving responsibility for structural reform to a small panel as it is not a voluntary process.

Recommendation 19:

Council questions the need to introduce a myriad of formal planning documents when the current requirements for Forward Planning appear adequate.

Recommendation 20:

Council questions the need to introduce "Lead Performance Indicators" unless they are appropriately scaled to meet the various specific circumstances of individual local governments.

CARRIED 7/0

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Steering Committee notes that the Minister has already referred the following amalgamation proposals to the Local Government Advisory Board for:

- a. The City of Geraldton-Greenough and the Shire of Mullewa;3 and
- b. The Shires of Morawa, Mingenew, Three Springs and Perenjori.

The Steering Committee makes the following recommendations to the Minister for Local Government to continue to progress the reform agenda.

Recommendations to Further Progress Reform

That the Minister:

- 1. Note that the voluntary reform process has not yielded the scale of reform required to deliver meaningful benefits to the State.
- 2. Consider options for targeted Government intervention, including through proposals to the Local Government Advisory Board for major boundary adjustments, and/or legislation to trigger reform activity in critical areas for reform including, but not limited to, the following areas:
 - a. Western Suburbs of Metropolitan Perth
 - b. Fremantle area
 - c. Bassendean / Bayswater
 - d. Geraldton area
 - e. Narrogin area
 - f. Northam area
 - q. Katanning area
 - h. Bunbury area
 - i. Mandurah area [Majority endorsement]
- 3. Consider the following legislation options to facilitate the implementation of Recommendation 2:
 - a. Remove the poll provisions from the Local Government Act 19954;
 - b. Retain the poll provisions, but amend so that poll is of all affected districts and votes combined;
 - c. Retain the poll provisions, but amend so that poll is of all affected districts and votes averaged;
 - d, Introduce specific restructuring legislation.

[Majority endorsement]

- 4. To ensure the ongoing reform of the local government sector initiate legislation for the appointment of an independent panel of three specialist persons to review local government boundaries every eight years. [Hajority endorsement]
- 5. Support Councils willing to take part in structural reform but who have been unable to secure partners, by providing funding support for capacity building and reform initiatives, and request that the Department of Local Government, in collaboration with WALGA and LGMA, continue to engage regarding possible Regional Transition Groups or Regional Collaborative Groups and other reform initiatives.

³ Chapman Valley is also included in the Minister's reference to the Local Government Advisory Board.

⁴ As per schedule 2.1 of the Local Government Act 1995.

p10. Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report - 11sy 2010

- 6. Request the Local Government Grants Commission to undertake a review of the disincentives to amalgamation resulting from Grants Commission formulae and policy.
- 7. Request the Local Government Reform Implementation Committee to develop and implement a communication strategy for local communities and elected members to address perceived reform concerns, including loss of local identity and loss of grant income.
- 8. Initiate amendments to legislation to change the prescribed number of elected members to between six and nine.

[Majority endorsement]

9. Refer the Reducing the Burden: Report of the Red Tope Reduction Group to the Department of Local Government with a view to implementing measures to reduce the compliance burden on local government.

Recommendations Supporting Reforming Local Governments

That the Minister:

- 10. Refer the two proposals for amalgamation to the Local Government Advisory Board once they have been submitted by:
 - a. The Shires of Carnamah and Coorow; and
 - b. The Shires of Westonia and Yilgarn.
- 11. Refer boundary change proposals submitted as part of this reform process to the Local Government Advisory Board (where those proposals would not trigger the poll provisions).
- 12. Request local governments that have proposed councillor reductions (and are not impacted by amalgamation activity) to commence the processes to achieve the reduction in councillor numbers.
- 13. Support the formation of Regional Transition Groups as agreed by local governments by providing State financial assistance and seeking Commonwealth funding and other assistance for:
 - a. The Shires of Beverley, Cunderdin. Quairading, Tammin and York;
 - b. The Shires of Brookton and Pingelly:
 - c. The Shires of Esperance and Ravensthorpe; and
 - d. The Towns of Claremont and Cottesloe.
- 14. Support the formation of Regional Collaborative Groups as agreed by local governments by providing State financial assistance and seeking Commonwealth funding and other assistance for:
 - a. The Shires of Broome, Derby-West Kimberley, Halls Creek and Wyndham-East Kimberley;
 - The Town of Port Hedland, Shires of Ashburton, East Pilbara and Roebourne;
 - c. The Shires of Murchison, Upper Gascoyne and potentially Yalgoo;
 - d. The Shires of Carnarvon, Exmouth and Shark Bay; and
 - e. The City of Kalgoorlie-Boulder, Shires of Coolgardie, Dundas and potentially, Laverton, Leonora and Menzies.

Recommendations Supporting Capacity Building

That the Minister:

15. Note the Working Groups' recommendations and refers them to the Department of Local Government and other relevant government agencies for advice.

- 16. Endorse the Legislation Working Group recommendations to amend the Local Government Act 1995 and Regulations identified by the Legislative Working Group, subject to advice from the Department of Local Government on specific issues.
- 17. Note the critical role local government plays in fulfilling the urban and regional planning function and endorse further reform and enhancement in this area in collaboration with the local government sector.
- 18. Endorse that the following further work be undertaken by the Department of Local Government or relevant implementation Working Groups to:
 - research the definition of charitable land that comes under the Commonwealth Aged Care Act 1997, to ascertain if the Local Government Act 1995 could use that definition; and
 - examine if the Associations Incorporation Act 1987 can be used as a vehicle for the delivery of services by local governments on a regional basis, and if so, develop a draft model constitution for such an entity. If this is not viable, then other types of models could be investigated further.
- 19. Support amendment to the Local Government Act 1995 to require that each local government develop and adopt:
 - a Strategic Community Plan; a principal planning document for the local government establishing community aspirations and priorities; and
 - a Corporate Business Plan; a financial planning instrument that would demonstrate the capacity to deliver and/or achieve the key focus areas and objectives identified within the Strategic Community Plan.
- 20. Endorse the development of lead performance indicators for local governments.
- 21. Endorse Actions 13, 14, 15 of the Systemic Sustainability Study that:
 - the local government sector endorses the rate setting process as outlined in the Study, as an example of best practice in rate setting;
 - the Department of Local Government establish a website for the purpose of providing local governments with access to comparable information on rates in terms of a set of standard ratios to be agreed; and
 - the local government sector seek a change to \$6.41(2)(b) of the Local Government Act 1995 to increase a local governments flexibility to offer a monthly payment of property rates without an individual installment notice.
- 22. Endorse removal of provisions regarding a referendum to be held prior to a council changing the way a Mayor is elected [Majority endorsement] and being replaced with a requirement for an absolute majority decision of council.
- 23. Endorse amendments to the Local Government Act 1995 prescribing the number of electors required to initiate elector participation so that they are increased as follows:
 - from 250 (or 5% of electors) to 500 (or 5% of electors) for a proposal to be made to the Local Government Advisory Board in relation to district boundary, wards or representation proposals; and
 - from 100 (or 5% of electors) to 500 (or 5% of electors) to call a special electors' meeting.
- 24. Endorse allowing extraordinary vacancies to remain unfilled where a local government has lodged a proposal with the Local Government Advisory Board to reduce its number of elected members.
- 25. Endorse amendment to the legislation enabling the employment of senior employees to be determined by the Chief Executive Officer and the current requirement for agreement by Council be removed.

3.7 Late Item from WALGA

5.8 Local Government Reform (05-034-01-0015TB)

By Tony Brown, Executive Manager Governance & Strategy

Moved	Cr Dilly	Seconded	Cr Monagle	

Amendment

Moved	Mayor Smith	Seconded	
INOVEG	Mayor Shiftin	Seconded	
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1			ļ

Moved that the sections be put separately - failed for want of a seconder

Amendment

Moved	Cr Dilly	Seconded	Cr Monagle	Carried
				ļ ļ

That the recommendations be supported with item 11 be moved from paragraph 4 to paragraph 2

Mayor Smith asked that his name be recorded as voting against the motion

Moved	Cr S Dilley	Seconded	Cr P Monagle	Carried
<u>{</u>				

That WALGA;

- 1. Request the Minister for Local Government to urgently reconsider his position on ending the voluntary reform process.
- 2. Oppose the Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report recommendations pertaining to forced reform, those being recommendations 1, 2, 3 & 4 & 11
- 3. Oppose the Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report recommendation 8 concerning prescribing the number of Elected Members to between 6 and 9.
- 4. Support the Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report recommendations 6, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 & 25.
- 5. Endorses the substantial research that has been completed to date and therefore requests the Minister to immediately progress the following issues considered by the Working Groups;
 - a) The proposal for Local Governments to establish Local Government Enterprises.
 - b) The ability to establish Regional Legal Entities based on the South Australian Subsidiary Model.
 - c) The ability to rate Independent Living Units unless they qualify for exemption by their definition under the Commonwealth Aged Care Act 1997.

Note seek clarification

Discussion:

Mayor Smith spoke in opposition of the motion

Cr Ginnane tabled an UNE paper (Source ALGA) – Local Government Amalgamation – circulated electronically to members.

Clarification was sought on the poll position

In Brief

- The Minister for Local Government tabled the Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report in State Parliament on 16 September 2010.
- The report includes four (4) recommendations that signal an intention to end voluntary reform.
- The report recommends prescribing the number of Elected Members to between six (6) and nine (9).
- The majority of recommendations are capacity building improvements, including ten (10) Systemic Sustainability Study (SSS) recommendations.
- Key issues concerning Local Government Enterprises, Regional Service Delivery Options and the Rating of Independent Living Units have not been fully addressed.
- At the time of writing this report the State Government has not provided a response to the Steering Committee's report.
- Local Government Sector position has been based on the principles and recommendations of the SSS.
 - o Increase funding to Local Government
 - Improve Local Government access to quality staff
 - o Provide benefits to Local Government
 - o Improve the corporate governance of Local Government
 Provide Local Governments with access to contemporary
 information and advice
 - Facilitate adoption of SSS actions

Policy Implications

The Association's policy is support for the recommendations and principles outlined in the Systemic Sustainability Study report, *The Journey – Sustainability into the Future* and no forced amalgamations.

Budgetary Implications

The Association's budget provides for the Governance & Strategy section of the organization to work closely with all Local Governments on reform issues and regional collaboration.

Background

On 16 September 2010, the Minister for Local Government, Hon John Castrilli MLA, tabled in State Parliament the Local Government Reform Steering Committee Report.

The report contains 25 recommendations that have been divided into the following 3 areas;

- Recommendations to Further Progress Reform
- Recommendations Supporting Reforming Local Governments

Recommendations Supporting Capacity Building

The full report including the recommendations is attached.

Comment

The following provides an analysis of the report based on four (4) areas;

- 1. Issues and recommendations of concern for the Sector
- 2. Supportive Recommendations
- 3. Conditional Support
- 4. SSS recommendations not actioned

1. Issues and recommendations of concern for the Sector

Recommendation 1 – Note that the voluntary reform process has not yielded the scale of reform required to deliver meaningful benefits to the State.

Comment – The Sector's position has been based on the need for voluntary reform. It is the Association's position that if the Systemic Sustainability Study recommendations had been progressed, there would have been a higher level of take-up of the reform process.

Recommendation 2 – Consider options for targeted Government intervention, including through proposals to the LGAB for major boundary adjustments, and/or legislation to trigger reform activity in critical areas for reform including, but not limited to the following areas;

- a. Western Suburbs
- b. Fremantle Area
- c. Bassendean/Bayswater
- d. Geraldton area
- e. Narrogin area
- f. Northam area
- g. Katanning area
- h. Bunbury area
- i. Mandurah area

Comment – The areas listed were the areas of the State named in the 2006 LGAB report. This recommendation should be opposed by the sector as it amounts to forced reform. The recommendation states options for targeted intervention including legislative amendments.

Recommendation 3 – Consider the following legislative options to facilitate the implementation of recommendation 2;

- a. Remove the poll provisions from the Local Government Act 1995;
- b. Retain the poll provisions but amend so that the poll is of all affected districts and votes combined;
- c. Retain the poll provisions, but amend so that poll is of all affected districts and votes averaged;
- d. Introduce specific restructuring legislation.

Comment – Again this recommendation came from the 2006 LGAB Report. It is suggested that this recommendation be opposed by the sector as the Minister during this reform process gave

a commitment to not amend the Act on the issue of poll provisions. The poll provision section of the Act is seen as a safety net for local communities.

Recommendation 4 – To ensure the ongoing reform of the Local Government sector, initiate legislation for the appointment of an independent panel of three specialist persons to review local government boundaries every eight years.

Comment – This recommendation is opposed as it would be giving responsibility for structural reform to a small panel and would not be seen as voluntary.

The report argues for this by comparing the purpose of such a panel to reviewing electoral boundaries. The Association contends that considering Local Government boundaries is more significant and involved than electoral boundaries which are reviewed to ensure equal representation.

Local Government boundaries should not be reviewed on such a superficial basis.

Recommendation 8 – Initiate amendments to legislation to change the prescribed number of elected members to between six and nine.

Comment – The sector would oppose this recommendation as a one size fits all approach is not suitable for Local Governments. This recommendation would require Elected Members in large metropolitan Councils to become full time Councillors. It would also require Local Governments to fund various means of achieving community consultation on issues. A significant number of individual Local Governments provided reasoned arguments explaining the detrimental nature of this one size fits all approach.

2. Supportive Recommendations

Recommendation 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 22, 24

Recommendation 16 = SSS Action 4, 24, 26 & 35

Recommendation 19 = SSS Action 5 & 11

Recommendation 20 = SSS Action 8

Recommendation 21 = SSS Actions 13, 14 & 15

Recommendation 23 = State Council Policy Position

Recommendation 25 = State Council Policy Position

In addition;

Recommendation 18 (first dot point) can be supported, however it is disappointing that the issues of rating of charitable organisations is being referred for further research rather than the recommendation from the Legislative Review Working Group supported

Recommendation 13 – Lists the Local Governments that are forming RTG's. It should be noted that c) Esperance & Ravensthorpe together with d) Claremont & Cottesloe are not proceeding. These 2 groups can be replaced with Subiaco & Nedlands and Koorda, Mt Marshall & Trayning

It should be noted that the above supported recommendations include 10 SSS Actions that have been endorsed in full or part

3. Conditional Support

<u>Recommendation 5</u> — Support Councils willing to take part in structural reform but who have been unable to secure partners, by providing funding support for capacity building and reform initiatives, and request that the Department of Local Government, in collaboration with WALGA and LGMA, continue to engage regarding possible Regional Transition Groups or Regional Collaborative Groups and other reform initiatives.

Comment – This recommendation would be supported if the funding support for capacity building was not just for those Local Governments who had resolved to consider an Amalgamation, Regional Transition Group or Regional Collaborative Group. Local Governments who resolve to stay in their current form can still be involved in reform initiatives and should receive support.

Recommendation 7 – Request the Local Government Reform Implementation Committee to develop and implement a communication strategy for local communities and elected members to address perceived reform concerns, including loss of local identity and loss of grant income.

Comment – This recommendation would be supported if it related to only those Communities where their Local Governments were considering an amalgamation or a Regional Transition Group

Recommendation 18 (second dot point) – Examine if the Associations Incorporations Act 1987 can be used as a vehicle for the delivery of services by Local Governments on a regional basis, and if so develop a draft model constitution for such an entity, if this is not viable then other types of models could be further developed.

Comment - It is disappointing that the proposal for Regional Groups to form legal entities in the form of the subsidiary model has not been endorsed. However the recommendation does allow for this model to be further considered if the proposal under the Associations Incorporation Act is considered not viable.

4. SSS recommendations not actioned

Action 21 - Local Government Enterprises

Action 24 - Regional Service Delivery Options - Partially addressed

Action 29 & 30 - Elected Member Training - Partially addressed, further work required

Action 36 & 38 - Industry Training Fund - Recommendation to not proceed.

Conclusion

There are 4 main recommendations on structural reform that cause concern for the sector and should be opposed. These relate to a forced measure of reform as opposed to voluntary reform. It is recommended that the Minister for Local Government be requested to reconsider the proposal to effectively end the voluntary process.

In respect to the capacity building recommendations there are 18 recommendations that are very good and should be supported and a further 2 that can be supported, however it is disappointing that they did not go far enough. Of these recommendations, 10 SSS actions have been endorsed.

The most disappointing part of the report is that 3 key items have not been definitively addressed. The recommendations refer to further consideration to be given. These relate to;

- Local Government Enterprises
- Regional Service Delivery Options
- Rating of Charitable Land

A further point of interest for the sector is to see the progress of 16 SSS recommendations that the Department of Local Government had advised would be progressed by the Department.

It should also be noted that the State Government has at the time of writing this report, not provided a response to the Steering Committee's report.